

School of Religion, Theology, and Peace Studies

Visiting Students – Hilary Term 2023-24



Trinity College Dublin

Coláiste na Tríonóide, Baile Átha Cliath

The University of Dublin

TABLE OF CONTENTS

WELCOME	4
WHAT STUDENTS SAY	5
IMPORTANT INFORMATION	6
Statement of Inclusivity	6
Pronouns	7
Module Descriptors and Assessments	7
Coursework Requirements, Attendance, and Absence from Examinations.....	7
Plagiarism.....	7
Links to University regulations, policies, and procedures	8
Feedback and Evaluation	8
JUNIOR FRESH (1ST YEAR)	9
REU12112 Introduction the New Testament: Texts and Contexts	9
REU12301 Introducing Theology: Key Questions	9
REU12501 Ethics Matters: Global Questions, Ethical Responses	10
REU12712 Introduction to Philosophy.....	11
REU12724 Introducing Islam.....	12
REU12741 Religions in the Ancient Mediterranean	12
SENIOR FRESH (2ND YEAR)	14
REU22111 The Historical Jesus and the Gospels	14
REU22502 Creaturely Ethics: Humans and Other Animals	14
REU22513 Digital Innovation to Achieve the Sustainable Development Goals.....	15
REU22703 Religion Through Bollywood	16
REU23301 Philosophical and Theological Approaches to God	17
REU23302 Cosmology, Religion and Science	17
REU23332 Book of Kells (Bespoke Module).....	18
JUNIOR SOPHISTER (3RD YEAR)	19
REU33132 Words to the Wise: Israelite and Jewish Wisdom Literature.....	19
REU33322 Reformation and Enlightenment.....	19
REU33332 God and Human Freedom	20
REU33713 Life of Muhammad: Sources, Methods and Debates.....	21
REU33531 Theology and the Climate Crisis	21
SENIOR SOPHISTER (4TH YEAR)	23
REU44722 The Dead Sea Scrolls.....	23
REU44742 Ancient Indian Religions	24
REU44501 Ethics and Politics	24

POSTGRADUATE MODULE..... 26
 REU14944 Liberationist and Interreligious Theologies..... 26
CONTACT US..... 28



Welcome!

I'm delighted to welcome you to our School as an international Visiting Student. I hope you will find your studies in the School of Religion, Theology, and Peace Studies, exciting and enjoyable.

The School of Religion, Theology, and Peace Studies tackles the big questions facing humanity by seeking to understand the roles of religion, peace-making and theology in their historical settings as well as in contemporary life. We do this under the headings of two disciplines – Religious Studies and Peace Studies. Religious Studies stretches from studies of foundational texts, through theological thought, to the impact of religion on cultures and politics. Peace Studies encompasses understandings of the causes of wars through to critical engagement with how to build sustainable peace. Our approach to all our work is multidisciplinary, critical, and progressive. We encourage students to develop multiple modes of thinking – philosophical and historical and political and literary and anthropological, amongst others. At all times our School strives to be an inclusive learning community, respecting those of differing backgrounds and beliefs. As a community, we aim to be respectful to all, regardless of race, ethnicity, religion, gender or sexual orientation.

Join us! You'll be most welcome.

Gillian Wylie
Head of School




WHAT STUDENTS SAY




I really valued the interdisciplinary approach of the module I took, as it allowed me to expand on the approach I had been cultivating through Liberal Arts at my home university in Bristol, UK. The teaching allowed for a diverse set of ideas to be formed into a coherent final project. I really enjoyed that the approach of the module opened up religion to me. Learning from a real expert in such a lovely building and having discussions with such a manageable class size: this is what I hoped university would be like.

Tilda Hadley
University of Bristol, UK




The course was very well structured with multiple points of reflection. The assignments were intriguing and challenging, making for an enjoyable form of self-improvement. I particularly enjoyed the small class size which facilitated an easier means of student-lecturer interaction, as compared to other schools in Trinity College. I would say that this course has made me re-evaluate my own perspectives and long-term goals, making me a more self-aware and reflective person.

Nickdev Gill
Yale-NUS College, Singapore



Studying with the School of Religion, Theology, and Peace Studies as an Open Module student was an incredibly positive experience. I found myself enjoying the way the lectures were delivered, with a maximum space for questions and discussion, providing students with open-minded environment to develop in. The inclusive and oftentimes holistic approach of the lecturers with regard to topics discussed made it easy to be excited for every lecture.

Jasmina Svarcova
TCD History and Political Science



I had really inspiring lecturers, that were full of understanding and willing to break down “difficult parts”. They were available for chat, email or any kind of help which made it all so much easier. I have to say I am so grateful that I took these modules as I've learned so much about relevant things and filled in many general knowledge gaps. It is not hard to learn when you have so passionate and giving lecturers.

Ingrid Garacki
TCD Sociology and Modern Language



IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This handbook lists and describes the School of Religion, Theology, and Peace Studies (RTPS) course modules that may be taken by visiting and exchange students. Please retain it for future reference. The information provided in this handbook is accurate at the time of preparation. Any necessary revisions are notified to students via e-mail or Blackboard announcements. Please note that in the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the general regulations published in the University Calendar and the information contained in programme or local handbooks, the provisions of the General Regulations in the Calendar will prevail.

The course modules that may be taken by visiting and exchange students fall into two categories:

- Modules taken by Trinity undergraduates.
- Some of the course modules that form part of the Postgraduate programmes.

Please note that admission to some of the RTPS modules may depend on the applicant's academic background.

Students interested in taking **Senior Sophister** and **Postgraduate** modules must:

- Be in year 3 or 4 in their home institution **AND**
- Send an email to srundergrad@tcd.ie with a request to take the module, stating the Module Code and Module Coordinator, year of study, and previous experience with Religion modules (although not required, previous experience in religion modules is highly recommended).

Course modules are taught for one term, two hours per week. Timetables are available on the [Current Students webpage](#). The grades awarded for exercises/term essays are communicated to the student's home university by TCD Academic Registry.

Statement of Inclusivity

Trinity College, the University of Dublin aims to provide an inclusive environment which promotes equality, and values diversity. The College is committed to maintaining an environment of dignity and respect where all staff and students can develop to their full potential. The concept of equality is central to the College's ethos of academic and service excellence. The module strives to be an inclusive learning community, respecting those of differing backgrounds and beliefs. As a community, we aim to be respectful to all in this class, regardless of race, ethnicity, religion, gender or sexual orientation.

The School of Religion, Theology, and Peace Studies strives to be an inclusive learning community, respecting those of differing backgrounds and beliefs. As a community, we aim to be respectful to all, regardless of race, ethnicity, religion, gender or sexual orientation.

Pronouns

Our School affirms people of all gender expressions and gender identities. If you prefer to be called a different name or pronoun than what is on the class roster, please let teaching staff know. Feel free to correct us on your gender pronoun if you feel comfortable doing so. You may also wish to consult [Trinity's Gender Identity and Gender Expression Policy](#).

Module Descriptors and Assessments

The School of Religion, Theology, and Peace Studies reserves the right to alter module descriptors and/or assessments during the academic year.

Coursework Requirements, Attendance, and Absence from Examinations

For School's Policies re Coursework Requirements, Attendance, and Absence from Examinations, please refer to the [Undergraduate Programme BA Religion Handbook](#), pages 23-25.

Plagiarism

It is clearly understood that all members of the academic community use and build on the work and ideas of others. It is commonly accepted also, however, that we build on the work and ideas of others in an open and explicit manner, and with due acknowledgement. Plagiarism is the act of presenting the work or ideas of others as one's own, without due acknowledgement. Plagiarism can arise from deliberate actions and also through careless thinking and/or methodology. The offence lies not in the attitude or intention of the perpetrator, but in the action and in its consequences. It is the responsibility of the author of any work to ensure that he/she does not commit plagiarism. Plagiarism is considered to be academically fraudulent, and an offence against academic integrity that is subject to the disciplinary procedures of the University.

Whenever you draw on another person's work, you are required to acknowledge your source. Failure to do so exposes you to the accusation of passing off someone else's work as your own. This is called 'plagiarism.' The University [Calendar Part II](#) states that this is "a major offence, and subject to the disciplinary procedures of the University". As your essays count towards your final mark, plagiarism in your essays is considered the equivalent of cheating in an examination, a major offence for which you may be expelled.

Plagiarism results from either deliberately using the work of another without proper acknowledgement, or from lack of care in acknowledgements. All quotations and paraphrases of other people's work must be properly referenced to avoid the charge of plagiarism. This includes the work of other students and internet sites. If you use another student's essay notes without acknowledgement, both you and the author of the notes might be charged with plagiarism. To properly reference material taken from an internet site, you should give the full URL of the page.

To ensure that you have a clear understanding of what plagiarism is, how Trinity deals with cases of plagiarism, and how to avoid it, you will find a repository of information on the Library website re [Plagiarism](#). It is very important that you familiarise yourself with this information.

Please:

- i. Visit the [online resources](#) to inform yourself about how Trinity deals with plagiarism, how you can avoid it, and [consequences](#). You should also familiarize yourself with the 2023-24 Calendar Part II entry on [plagiarism](#) located on this website and the sanctions which are applied.
- ii. Complete the '[Ready, Steady, Write](#)' [online tutorial on plagiarism](#). **Completing the tutorial is compulsory for all students.**
- iii. Contact your Course-Coordinator or your Lecturer if you are unsure about any aspect of plagiarism.

I have read and I understand the plagiarism provisions in the General Regulations of the [University Calendar, Part II](#) for the current year.

Links to University regulations, policies, and procedures

[University Calendar](#)

[Academic Policies](#)

[Student Complaints Procedure](#)

[Dignity and Respect Policy](#)

Feedback and Evaluation

All modules will be evaluated by anonymous survey of students towards the end of term.

JUNIOR FRESH (1ST YEAR)

REU12112 Introduction the New Testament: Texts and Contexts

Module Coordinator: Prof. Daniele Pevarello

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

This module aims at introducing students to the canonical writings of the New Testament, their texts, their content, their origins, their transmission and the history of their interpretation.

Content

The writings included in the canon of the New Testament have been composed by different authors over a relatively long period of time. Translated in countless languages, the stories and ideas found in the New Testament have played a major role in shaping socio-political, ethical and religious discourses across the centuries and in different cultures and have been a constant source of inspiration in art, music and literature. In this module, students will learn about the most relevant scholarly approaches to the study of the New Testament and its background in Second Temple Judaism and in the Graeco-Roman world, examine the variety of literary genres and the diversity of sources and traditions, which contributed to the development of early Christianity and to the formation of new religious and cultural realities in the Graeco-Roman world, and be introduced to the history of interpretation of the New Testament in antiquity and in contemporary culture.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Gobbet	500 words	30
Wiki-Style Entry	500 words	30
Essay	1,500 words	40

REU12301 Introducing Theology: Key Questions

Module Coordinator: Dr Michael Kirwan

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

The module will offer an introduction to theology by means of contributions from a number of teaching staff from their own expertise and interests. Key questions will be addressed, such as the doctrine of God and creation, theodicy, theology in a liberative mode, and the problem of religion and violence, as well as the inclusion of theology as a subject into the modern university.

Content

The module examines key questions according to the expertise and interests of the individual lecturers. This will give an introduction to the rich variety of 'theology' as a discipline, while addressing the question of the nature of theology as an academic subject within the university.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Essay/Review	1,000 words	40
Essay	1,500 words	60

REU12501 Ethics Matters: Global Questions, Ethical Responses

Module Coordinator: Prof. Cathriona Russell

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

This module introduces ethics argumentation and schools of ethics through the lens of contemporary international debates in society and politics in ecology, technology, economics and medicine.

The issues to be interrogated may vary from year to year but will be drawn from: planetary sustainability; biodiversity conservation; economic development; technology; demography and migration; and the biomedical sciences and ageing.

Students will be introduced to modes of ethical analysis and reflection, related aspects of the underlying philosophical and theological principles and values, and views of the human person in society.

Content

The module will begin with a consideration of the nature of ethics argumentation and investigation, and the importance of bringing an ethics analysis to bear on a range of contemporary issues. Students will be introduced to schools of ethics in philosophy and theology (virtue autonomy, utility), the scope and limits of obligations (cosmopolitan and communitarian), professional ethics, and national and international agreements and conventions, with examples drawn from across the globe: dam building in India; migration, international food security; sustainable transport; biodiversity conservation and (smart) technologies; artificial intelligence and the future of work; and genetic 'enhancement' of future generations and 'advance directives' in dying.

Module Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
'Three slides' presentation	Prepare a short presentation on a key ethics debate	30
Take- Home, Open-Book Exam	2,000 words	70

REU12712 Introduction to Philosophy

Module Coordinator: Dr Ciarán McGlynn

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

This module will give an introduction to some of the key ideas, thinkers, and eras of philosophy. It will outline some of the main themes in philosophical thinking and show how they develop over time. The module will help sharpen critical thinking, conceptual rigour, and the understanding of philosophical problems.

Content

The module offers an overview of Western philosophy and analyses the questions treated in its main branches. Beginning with the Greeks as the founders of the Western philosophical tradition, key texts and ideas relating to Presocratic philosophers, Socrates, Plato and Aristotle will be studied with a particular emphasis on metaphysical questions about the nature of reality and of the soul. The medieval era will be studied primarily through the philosophy of Thomas Aquinas, with particular emphasis on his use of an Aristotelian approach to metaphysical notions of substance and soul, as well as his arguments for the existence of God. The study of modern philosophy will focus on Descartes, Hume, Kant, and Wittgenstein. In this part of the course, we will explore the views of these thinkers on questions like: What is knowledge, and is it possible? How is the mind related to the body? What is meant by virtue ethics? What is the relation between language and the world? Students will be taught how to critically engage with the various philosophical positions.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Essay 1	1,500 – 2,000 words	50
Essay 2	1,500 – 2,000 words	50

REU12724 Introducing Islam

Module Coordinator: Prof. Zohar Hadromi-Allouche

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

This module aims to

- Provide an overview of Islamic history
- Present and discuss Islamic scriptures, doctrines and rituals
- Demonstrate the significance and development within Islam of concepts such as prophethood, revelation, jihad, theology, law and gender
- Develop an understanding of the contribution of Islamic civilization to human culture
- Examine various scholarly approaches to the study of Islam

Content

Islam is the fastest-growing religion in the world today. This module surveys its emergence, development, beliefs and practices, the 7th century into modernity.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Essay bibliography — annotated	Full bibliographic details of 3 sources for the essay, describing their content & relevance for the essay question (300 words)	20
Essay	1,500 words	40
Exam	Exam	40

REU12741 Religions in the Ancient Mediterranean

Module Coordinator: Prof. Daniele Pevarello

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

The aim of this module is to investigate the religious beliefs and practices of the people who lived and prospered in the ancient Mediterranean world, with particular emphasis on ancient Egypt, Syria and Mesopotamia, Carthage, Greece and Rome.

Content

Employing literary sources as well as inscriptions, funerary art and ancient iconography, and other archaeological finds, this module investigates the religious beliefs and practice of the various peoples and civilisations of the ancient Mediterranean from ancient Egypt to Imperial Rome, focusing on the study of ancient rituals (e.g., burial customs, animal and human sacrifice) and on Mediterranean myths and mythologies (e.g., dying-and-rising deities in Egypt, Syria and ancient Greece). Students will reflect about the methodological challenges of studying ancient religions,

focusing on the problem of interpreting fragmentary evidence, understanding ancient definitions of religion and magic, and distinguishing between private and public devotion in ancient societies. The course will help student to think about such questions as did people in antiquity believe in their myths? Why did the Egyptians mummify their dead? What is the significance of the ancient myths of Osiris, Gilgamesh and Baal? Did the ancient Phoenicians and Carthaginians practice human sacrifice?

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Review Article	1,000 words	40
Essay	2,000 words	60

SENIOR FRESH (2ND YEAR)

REU22111 The Historical Jesus and the Gospels

Module Coordinator: Prof. Benjamin Wold

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

The aim of this module is to provide a critical overview of research on the historical Jesus and, within this context, the role and significance of the gospel traditions for this topic.

Content

Who was the historical Jesus – the Jewish Galilean whose activities and death resulted in the emergence of Christianity? This module explores questions about Jesus the man, his world, his social and literary environment, his disciples, and their literary activities. The history of research on the historical Jesus (i.e., the so-called “three quests”) orient this module before turning to a sustained study of the earliest witness to his life and those of his followers, namely the synoptic gospels: Matthew, Mark, and Luke. When studying the context of Jesus and the gospels their environments and social milieu are introduced vis-à-vis material culture and archaeology. Key themes, particularly ancient Jewish “Messianism” as it relates to the portrayal of Jesus as “Christ,” are considered in light of Qumran Discoveries (e.g., so-called “4QMessianic Apocalypse”). Students are also inducted to the various historical and literary methods and approaches used when studying the synoptic gospels.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
2 x Gobbet	Short gobbet (c. 500 words each) commentary on selected passages	25% each (total 50%)
1,500 Essay	Essay on selected topic	50%

REU22502 Creaturely Ethics: Humans and Other Animals

Module Coordinator: Prof. Jacob Erickson

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

This module aims to introduce and engage in contemporary scholarly reflection on critical animal studies, posthumanism, and ecotheology. It allows students to engage with theological perspectives on the definitions of “humanity,” “animality,” and “creatureliness.” Students will explore a number of theo-ethical topics in this area from animal conservation to food.

Content

Ethics is written and studied by animals, you and me. Recent questions in ecological ethics swirl around “the question of the human” and “the question of the animal.” Theological and ethical concepts that define human beings as unique, with souls created *imago dei*, in the image of God with dominion over the planet are critiqued as being morally complicit with species decline, animal suffering, and habitat loss. On a planet undergoing the sixth great wave of animal extinction, this critique is no small matter. We’ll ask how we understand the human in relation to other nonhuman creatures that occupy the planet. We’ll think about animal ethics, the blurry lines between wild and domestic, human and nonhuman, living and extinct, veganism and vegetarianism, human and posthuman. We’ll ask how these conversations cause us to rethink theological understandings of “creatureliness” and “creation” and “kinship.” And we’ll ask how definitions of what it means to be “human” are already entangled in our theo-ethical and ecological concerns.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Documentary Essay	1,000 words essay	50
Topical Essay	1,500 words essay	50

REU22513 Digital Innovation to Achieve the Sustainable Development Goals

Module Coordinator: Dr P.J. Wall, Dr Tim Savage

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

The aim of this module is to allow students to explore and analyse the core issues and specific challenges related to how innovation can help achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) through engaging with authentic cases from the Global South and Europe.

Content

This module will introduce students to the key issues and current academic debates of relevance in a variety of fields, and also equip students with the knowledge and skills necessary to identify and manage these challenges in an appropriate and effective manner.

The module will pay particular attention to the ethical issues involved with innovation for the SDGs, and critically examine the role played by social, political, cultural and human factors when designing, introducing and using technologies. This module therefore contributes to the broader programme outcomes related to ethics, reasoning, and moral inquiry.

The module links most strongly with the SDGs which can be addressed by new, disruptive and innovative approaches and technologies. This module has a particular focus on the SDGs which can be addressed by smaller, community-level and citizen-led technology-based initiatives. Examples of this include designing innovative ways of leveraging the ubiquity of mobile phones in the Global South for healthcare and education, and the design, evaluation, and implementation of innovative

techniques which are designed to be ethically, socially and culturally appropriate for their particular context.

The module content includes relevant, authentic, situated cases from the Global South and Europe that have been developed specifically for the module. These multimedia-enhanced cases focus on projects from Ireland, India, Uganda, and Ethiopia.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Case Presentations	Students will, as a group, present their conclusions from the cases being studied (3) throughout the module.	30
Case Study Constructions	Completion of an authentic case suitable for case-based learning, that highlights the issues discussed during the module (group).	70

REU22703 Religion Through Bollywood

Module Coordinator: Prof. Seema Chauhan

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

This course explores how religion is conceptualized as a discourse in post-Independence India (1947-present day) through the history of Hindi cinema (“Bollywood”).

Content

When we think of “religion”, the first thing that likely springs to mind is ancient scriptures written by monks isolated from everyone except the small group of highly educated individuals that they address. By contrast, the outlandish world of Bollywood which attracts billions of viewers worldwide is rarely considered a medium in which religious discourse is conveyed.

In this course, students will explore modern representations of “religion” among South Asians from 1947 to 2023 through the contemporaneous history of Bollywood cinema. Students will watch six Bollywood films that were produced in five different decades and examine how each film acts a vehicle, whether intentionally or not, for constructing modern discourses about religion. In particular, students will examine the construction of religious pluralism; Hindu-Muslim relations; and the rise of secularism and atheism.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
6 Film-analysis Journal entries	300 words per film OR video diaries (5-10 mins per entry)	60
Essay 1	1,500 words	20
Essay 2	1,500 words	20

REU23301 Philosophical and Theological Approaches to God

Module Coordinator: Prof. Michael Kirwan

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

This module critically reviews a range of approaches to the question of God's existence and nature, drawing both on the history of Christian theological reflection and on philosophy in the Western traditions.

Content

This module explores a number of key philosophical and theological landmarks in the debates about God in Christianity and western philosophy: does God exist? Is natural theology possible? What is meant by the notion of revelation? Is 'religious language' different to other language games?

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Essay	1,500 words	50
Essay	1,500 words	50

REU23302 Cosmology, Religion and Science

Module Coordinator: Prof. Cathriona Russell

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

Cosmology traces developments in the mythological and natural-scientific study of the universe in its complex history. This module presents these developments as they have been interpreted from biblical, theological and philosophical perspectives and how they conflict or converge with cosmologies from the natural sciences particularly since the 16th century.

Content

It explores how specific cosmologies emerged and in turn impacted on theology, science and culture, in astronomy, thermodynamics, emerging universe models, evolutionary theory and the return to narrative in the natural sciences. It includes implications for anthropology: the human person as created in the image of God (*imago Dei*); as embodied and free, contingent and subject to frailty and failure ('sin'); as steward of creation; and inhabitant of the future earthly *cosmopolis*.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Review Essay	1,000 words	30
Take-home Exam	2,000 words	70

REU23332 Book of Kells (Bespoke Module)

Module Coordinator: Prof. Fáinche Ryan

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

On successful completion of this module students should be able to:

- Interpret the iconographic vocabulary of the Book of Kells
- Give an account of the creation of this manuscript
- Discuss the theological significance of some of the main fully illustrated pages
- Demonstrate knowledge of the distinctive features of the Celtic Church in this era.

Content

The Book of Kells, one of the greatest treasures of Trinity College, is perhaps the most renowned illustrated manuscript of the early medieval period. This module, benefiting from several recent scholarly contributions, will enable the students to learn both the theology and the iconography of this wonderful manuscript. The module will also introduce the students to the world in which this manuscript was created, and to some other aspects of insular art.

The module is designed to be accessible to students coming from all disciplines who have an interest in the Ireland of the early medieval world.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Portfolio – Two pieces of work with theological focus:	Tourist leaflet OR presentation to community group (any medium);	30
	Essay - a detailed theological reading of one page of Kell's manuscript (1,000 words)	70

JUNIOR SOPHISTER (3RD YEAR)

REU33132 Words to the Wise: Israelite and Jewish Wisdom Literature

Module Coordinator: Dr Neil Morrison

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

This module aims to facilitate students' deeper acquaintance and critical engagement with the richness of the Wisdom tradition found in the Hebrew Bible and later Jewish traditions.

Content

This module represents an opportunity to explore the richness of the Wisdom Literature found in the Hebrew Bible and later Jewish traditions. Following an introduction to the Wisdom tradition, the module will offer a close and critical reading of the books of Proverbs, Job and Ecclesiastes and how wisdom themes have influenced other parts of the Hebrew canon. There will also be a focus on the divergent strands which emerge within this corpus and the historical context in which these works were produced. Seminar discussions will explore key themes such as divine justice, attitudes to wealth and work and the representation of women. The module will also consider the coherence of each individual book, the nature of the relationship between Hebrew wisdom and other sapiential traditions and will examine to what extent the Wisdom tradition diverges from other perspectives within the Hebrew Bible.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Critical responses x 5	Seminar submissions (350-400 words each)	10
Fuller critical responses	Fuller critical responses (1,500 words)	40
Essay	Essay (2,000 words)	50

REU33322 Reformation and Enlightenment

Module Coordinator: Dr David Nicoll

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

1. Identify key themes of theological and philosophical dispute from the turn of the High Middle Ages to Nominalism in their relevance for the Reformation and for Modernity
2. Present accurately and creatively Mandatory disputes between the Western Christian traditions and their key representatives
3. Outline the rising significance of hermeneutics in view of conflicting views of biblical sources in modern historical scholarship.

Content

This module will pursue key theological themes in Christian anthropology, doctrine of God, Christology and ecclesiology from late medieval Nominalism through the Reformation to modernity. It will analyse current assessments of the connections of Luther's theology with, and its discontinuities from, the preceding eras. The Enlightenment comprising Kant's critiques of reason, German Idealism and Romanticism as the context for Schleiermacher and Kierkegaard as thinkers of God in relation to human subjectivity and freedom will be treated and their reception in 19th and 20th century theology discussed. The module will conclude with the hermeneutical questions raised by a new consciousness of language and history, traditions and their transformations.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Formative assessment	Continuous Assessment	100

REU33332 God and Human Freedom

Module Coordinator: Prof. Fáinche Ryan

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

The aims of this module are: 1. To introduce students to the long tradition of theological reflection on being human in Christian sources.

Content

This module studies what it means to be human from the perspective of theology. The study begins within the horizon of Jewish experience as articulated especially in the early chapters of the book of Genesis. The themes of the human reality as the Imago Dei, of sanctification, of deification, as well as the theme of deep-seated human alienation, are studied. In the Western tradition grace became a key concept in the articulation of the interplay of divine and human in history. The module studies its deployment through the centuries. Running through the module is the question, the debate, as to whether there are resources in theological anthropology for an understanding of human nature which have been lost in modern culture.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Summative assessment	5 x 500-word article review and participation in class seminar	20% each

REU33713 Life of Muhammad: Sources, Methods and Debates

Module Coordinator: Prof. Zohar Hadromi-Allouche

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

In this module students will engage and familiarise themselves, with,

- Main themes in the life of the Prophet Muhammad
- Available Islamic sources for the study of Muhammad's life
- The construction of Muhammad's image in Islam.
- Scholarly approaches to the life of Muhammad.
- Islamic and scholarly debates concerning the life of Muhammad

Content

Muhammad is one of the most influential characters in history. This module discusses his diverse portrayals, from the ones found in the earliest available Islamic sources, to these days. It examines his biography in the early Islamic sources, as well as its diverse interpretations how in later Islamic writings, and modern scholarship.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Essay plan	Essay question, argument, methodology, structure, work plan (300 words)	10
Essay bibliography — annotated	Full bibliographic details of 4 sources for the essay, describing their content & relevance for the essay question (400 words)	20
Presentation	Class presentation	20
Essay	3,000-word essay	50

REU33531 Theology and the Climate Crisis

Module Coordinator: Prof. Jacob Erickson

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

This module aims to equip students to engage contemporary ethical conversations about global warming and climate change. It offers students a chance to explore the concept of climate justice in diverse theo-ethical perspective.

Content

Pope Francis' 2015 encyclical letter *Laudato si'*: On Care for our Common Home states that, "Climate change is a global problem with grave implications: environmental, social, economic, political and for

the distribution of goods. It represents one of the principal challenges facing humanity in our day.” Thinking alongside this encyclical, this advanced seminar module will tackle some of the most vexing theo-ethical challenges implicated by human-caused global warming. We’ll ask how theological worldviews contribute to, ignore, or creatively respond to global warming. We’ll explore the science and politics of climate change alongside theological cosmologies. And we’ll ask what resources theological ethics might bring to bear on questions of ecojustice, consumerism, fossil fuel use, biodiversity loss, ocean acidification, water shortages, and adaptation to ecological change.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Continuous Assessment	1500-word essay	40
Continuous Assessment	1500-word essay	40
Continuous Assessment	Class presentation	20

To take any of the Senior Sophister modules, you must be in year 3 or 4 in your home institution. Previous experience in religion modules is highly recommended.

Please send your request to srundergrad@tcd.ie including the Module Code and Module Coordinator, your year of study, and your previous experience with Religion modules.

SENIOR SOPHISTER (4TH YEAR)

REU44722 The Dead Sea Scrolls

Module Coordinator: Prof. Benjamin Wold

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

The aim of this module to assess critically the significance of the Dead Sea Scrolls for the study of the Hebrew Bible, early Judaism, and the New Testament.

Content

The Scrolls are our best witness to Palestinian Judaism in the Second Temple era and are therefore one of the most significant resources for the study of early Judaism and the context of nascent Christianity. Literature discovered at Qumran is by no means monolithic, but rather represents religious traditions from a multiplicity of authors and a variety of communities. These Scrolls allow us to assess patterns of thought, religious matrices, and a variety of speech acts found in nearly 350 different compositions preserved in over 900 manuscripts. Although the eleven caves that held scrolls were found in the late 1940s and early 1950s the materials from Cave 4, where 574 manuscripts were discovered in 1952, were not published in critical editions until the mid-1990s through to the early 2000s. Therefore, our understanding of the significance of many Scrolls is still nascent since even approximately twenty years of research is insufficient time to thoroughly study the host of questions arising from them. In addition to learning about the content of the scrolls significant attention is given to manuscript studies and the archaeology of Qumran.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Gobbets	Two separate Gobbets, each 1,200 words, set on specific Qumran passages	25% each
Essay	1 x 3,000-word essay	50

REU44742 Ancient Indian Religions

Module Coordinator:

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

This module introduces students to the earliest available evidence for Hinduism, Buddhism and Jainism from 1000 BCE-300 CE. In particular, students will question the concept of “origin” both within the context of Early India as well as within the history of the study of religion.

Content

Is there an “origin” of “religion”?

This course introduces students to the earliest history of Hinduism, Buddhism and Jainism in South Asia. Students will learn how to read the earliest available evidence from these religious traditions—myths, ritual manuals, philosophy, and inscriptions—in tandem with one another. Through these sources, students will:

1. Reconstruct the key debates in which all religious traditions participated.
2. Assess the validity of scholarly reconstructions of Early South Asia, and
3. Consider the extent to which we can distinguish Hinduism from Buddhism in the early common era.

Aside from being able to explain the context and history of early South Asian religions, students will be able to explain the impact that the search for “Eastern origins” had on Colonialism and Orientalism in the 18th-19th century.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Methods and Sources analysis	1,000 words	25
Gobbet 1	1,000 words	25
Gobbet 2	1,000 words	25
Prepared oral exam	One-on-one conversation between student and professor – 15-20 mins (students can use a transcript)	25

REU44501 Ethics and Politics

Module Coordinator: Prof. John Scally

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

This course is aimed to empower students to reflect on the many ethical issues, which arise in the world of politics in the broadest sense. The course is intended to develop awareness of the multiplicity of issues that arise from the interface between ethics and politics and to reflect on how they might be resolved and what theories have been developed to respond to these issues

throughout history from Aristotle through to Mary Robinson as well as reflect on specific issues like: Is there a just war? What are the ethical implications of globalisation?

Content

As per Aims above.

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description	% of total
Essay	4,000 words	100

To take any of the Postgraduate modules, you must be in year 3 or 4 in your home institution. Previous experience in religion modules is highly recommended.

Please send your request to srundergrad@tcd.ie including the Module Code and Module Coordinator, your year of study, and your previous experience with Religion modules.

POSTGRADUATE MODULE

REU14944 Liberationist and Interreligious Theologies

Module Coordinator: Prof. Jude Lal Fernando

Semester: Hilary – Semester 2

Learning Aims

On successful completion of this module students should be able to:

1. Gain familiarity with the pioneering works of Raimon Panikkar (cosmotheandric reality), Aloysius Pieris (covenant-Christology), Michael Amalodas (Jesus as avatar) Peter Phan (being religious interreligiously), Amos Young (pneumatocentrism), Mark Heim (many salvations), Elain Padilla (covenantal mode of dwelling), Lamin Sanneh (Gospel beyond West), James Fredericks and Tracy Sayuki Tiemeier (interreligious friendship), to name a few,
2. Understand how Christianity's encounter with other religious traditions (including indigenous primal traditions) has led to a rethinking of presuppositions of Christian theology generating a vital effect on classical theological field,
3. Revisit the classic threefold typology of Christian approaches to religious other, exclusivism, inclusivism and pluralism (Alan Race, 1983) whilst searching for alternative approaches that have been researched by theologians,
4. Approach interreligious dialogue in creative and imaginative ways on the basis of commonalities, complementarities and radical differences whilst engaging in 'interactive pluralism' and,
5. Link interreligious encounters with common ethical concerns of the world whilst realizing the ever-increasing complexity in World Christianity.

Content

The term World Christianity has gained its meaning in the theological circles with the realization of many particular expressions of Christianity across the globe. In the recent decade's theologian's term have been using the term to signify that Christianity is not synonymous with Western Christianity or that there isn't one Christianity but many Christianities. The Western Christian universalism has made many other historical forms as well as contemporary global configurations of Christianity invisible. The study of World Christianity is a study of Christianity across the cultural, ecumenical and religious borders (Dale T. Irvin, 2016). This module will specifically focus on the attempts that have been made to reimagine Christianity across religious borders which are not only in-between spaces, but also marginalized by the dominant Western form of Christianity. In other words, it will explore how to be religious in an interreligious way (Peter Phan, 2004).

Assessment

Assessment Component	Assessment Description
Essay	3,000-word essay on agreed topic

CONTACT US

If you have any questions about the modules, please do not hesitate to contact us!

School of Religion, Theology, and Peace Studies

School of Religion, Theology, and Peace Studies Building

Trinity College Dublin – East Campus

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