

Trinity College Dublin Coláiste na Tríonóide, Baile Átha Cliath The University of Dublin

School of Linguistic, Speech and Communication Sciences

Joint Honours Linguistics

Module Handbook 2023-2024

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YEAR 1 - Junior Fresher

Module Code	LIU11008
Module Name	Introduction to Linguistics I
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 1/Michaelmas Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week) Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Dr. Conor Pyle
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module, students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Discuss critically a range of introductory topics in linguistics.
	LO2. Analyse the structure of spoken and signed languages.
	LO3. Identify major concepts in linguistics related to the language modalities.
	LO4. Evaluate different accounts of the relationship between language and
	thought.
	LO5. Apply knowledge and understanding of linguistics to engage with linguistic data.
Module	This module is an introduction to linguistics. It gives a general knowledge of each
Learning Aims	area of linguistics drawing from a range of spoken and signed languages. Its aim
0	is to provide the students who have no previous knowledge of linguistics with a
	background in core areas of the field – phonetics, phonology, syntax,
	morphology, semantics, and their acquisition. The module is divided in three
	parts: the first part is an introduction to the field of linguistics, the second part is
	concerned with the structure of natural languages, and the third part is related
Madula	to language modality, with particular attention to signed languages and gesture.
Module Content	- What is Linguistics?
content	- Brain and Language
	- Phonetics: the sounds of language
	 Phonology: the sound patterns of language Morphology: the study of words
	 Syntax: from words to phrases Semantics
	- Pragmatics
	- Signed languages and Sign Language Linguistics
Recommended	Fromkin, V., Rodman, R., Hyams, N. 2017. An introduction to Language (11 th
Reading List	edition). Boston: Cengage.
	O'Grady, W., Archibald, J., Aronoff, M., Rees-Miller, J. 2017. Contemporary
	<i>Linguistics. An Introduction</i> (7 th edition). Boston/New York: Bedford/St.
	Martin's.
Assessment	Assessment (100%)
Details	Take-home test: students are required to complete a take-home test based on
	selected weekly topics.

Module Code	LIU11009
Module Name	Syntax I
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 1/Michaelmas Term
Taught Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module Personnel	Module Coordinator: Prof. Valentina Colasanti
Learning	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Recognise the formal study of the syntax of human languages from a
	generative perspective.
	LO2. Identify how sentence structure is hierarchically organised, rule-governed, and systematic within and across languages.
	LO3. Explain formally the differences among the languages of the world.
Module	This module has four principal aims:
Learning Aims	- To come to an understanding of the structural underpinnings of how words
	come together to form sentences. - To introduce the student to the ways in which linguists approach the
	observable structural aspects of language.
	- To being able to recognise and investigate the combinatory system that
	forms sentences from phrases and phrases from their subparts.
	 To learn how to analyse languages formally, i.e., analytically investigate phrase and sentence structure.
Module	This course is an introduction to the formal study of syntax in natural language
Content	from a cognitive perspective. By 'syntax', we mean linguistic structure at the phrase and sentence level. That is, the combination of words into phrases and
	phrases into sentences. Detailed investigation into sentence structure reveals
	that sentences are not formed merely by stringing together words. Instead,
	sentences have properties that imply a complex hierarchical organization that is rule-governed and systematic within and across languages. By 'formal', we mean
	analytically precise investigation that focuses on the form of a linguistic object –
	here, phrase and sentence structure. We will study syntax from a 'cognitive
	perspective', meaning that the overarching goal of our investigation is to explore and model the human cognitive faculty responsible for building and manipulating
	complex syntactic structures in the mind.
Recommended	Sportiche, Dominique, Koopman, Hilda, Stabler, Edward. 2014. An Introduction
Reading List	to Syntactic Analysis and Theory. London: Wiley Blackwell.
	Carnie, Andrew. 2021. Syntax. A Generative Introduction. 4th edition. London: Wiley Blackwell.
	Larson, Richard. 2010. Grammar as science. Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press.
	[Detailed reading list available on Blackboard]
Assessment	Assignment 1 (10%)
Details	Assignment 2 (30%) Assignment 3 (60%)
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Module Code	LIU11010
Module Name	Phonetics and Phonology I
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 1/Michaelmas Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Dr. Irena Yanushevskaya
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module, students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Describe the processes underlying production of speech sounds (initiation,
	phonation, articulation) providing appropriate examples to illustrate the description.
	LO2. Analyse and classify speech sounds in terms of articulatory phonetics using
	principles and conventions of the international phonetic association.
	LO3. Analyse, label and transcribe sounds of English and other languages using
	broad and narrow phonetic transcription with the symbols of the International
	Phonetic Alphabet (the IPA).
	LO4. Apply the basic principles of phonemic analysis to phonetic data.
Module	The aims of the module are to provide students with the foundations of
Learning Aims	systematic analysis of speech sounds, and to introduce the principles of
	articulatory phonetic description of speech sounds and of phonological analysis.
Module	The speech production mechanism: initiation, phonation, articulation; organs of
Content	speech production; an articulatory classification of consonants and vowels; the
	International Phonetic Alphabet; coarticulation and assimilation; the procedures
	of phonemic analysis, phonemic and phonetic transcription.
Recommended	Ladefoged, P., & Johnson, K. (2015). A Course in Phonetics (7 ed.). Sengage
Reading List	Learning. [earlier editions 4-6 can also be used if the most recent one is not
including List	available]
	Davenport, M., & Hannahs, S. J. (2020). Introducing phonetics and phonology (4
	ed.). Routledge. [Detailed reading list is available on Blackboard]
Assessment	Assessment 1 (50%)
Details	Marked homework exercises carried out during the term.
	Assessment 2 (50%)
	Class test in week 12

Module Code	LIU11012
Module Name	Introduction to Linguistics II
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 2/Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Dr. Conor Pyle
Personnel	On successful completion of this module, students will be able to
Learning Outcomes	On successful completion of this module, students will be able to: LO1. Explain the basic principles of language, variation and change
Outcomes	LO2. Identify key differences between dialects, varieties and languages
	LO3. Analyse a variety of linguistic problems
	LO4. Identify the social and linguistic dynamics of language change over time
	LO5. Discuss critically topics related to bi/multilingualism and language
	acquisition and learning
	LO6. Evaluate theories of second language acquisition and learning
	LO7. Explain factors that impact on the rate and route of acquisition of second
	languages.
	LO8. Identify applications of speech and language technology
Module	This general module is an introduction to three main areas of linguistics: (1)
Learning Aims	language variation and change, (2) multilingualism, bilingualism and second
	language acquisition/learning, and (3) speech and language processing, from the
	perspectives of the human and machine. The first area explores how languages vary in different social and geographic contexts and how language can change
	over time. The second illustrates the difference between individual and social
	multilingualism and discusses patterns of language learning in monolinguals,
	bi/multilinguals and heritage language learners. The third focuses on speech and
	language processing - by human and machine. It considers how speech and
	language technology can be used in pedagogical contexts, and to enhance
	communication for those with disabilities.
Module	- Introduction to language variation
Content	- Language and society
	 Historical Linguistics: the study of language change
	- Dynamics of language change
	- Linguistic typology
	- Multilingualism and Bilingualism
	 Heritage and minority languages
	- Second language acquisition
	- Speech and language processing: implication for technology
Recommended	Fromkin, V., Rodman, R., Hyams, N. 2017. An introduction to Language (11 th
Reading List	edition). Boston: Cengage. (e-book available via TCD Library).
	O'Grady, W., Archibald, J., Aronoff, M., Rees-Miller, J. 2017. Contemporary
	<i>Linguistics. An Introduction</i> (7 th edition). Boston/New York: Bedford/St.
	Martin's.

Assessment	Assessment (100%)
Details	Students are required to complete a take-home test with three questions, one
	in each of the following areas:
	(1) language variation and change,
	(2) multilingualism, bilingualism, and second language acquisition/learning, and
	(3) speech and language processing: human and machine

Module Code	LIU11011
Module Name	Semantics I
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 2/Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Dr. Conor Pyle
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module, students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Describe the concepts and terminology used to account for the way in
	which meaning is conveyed.
	LO2. Characterise core semantic and pragmatic phenomena and critically
	reflect upon the relationships between these two levels.
	LO3. Analyse real data, discuss their findings, and form generalisations relevant
	to the important questions in the field
	LO4. Explain how linguistic meaning interacts with other knowledge systems:
Module	general knowledge, contextual and cultural knowledge. The study of linguistic meaning crosses two disciplines: semantics, which is the
Learning Aims	study of the encoded meaning carried by words and sentences, and pragmatics,
Learning Anns	which is the study of how speakers use words and sentences to convey
	meaning in real world contexts of communication.
Module	The module will explore some of the basic concepts, findings, and theoretical
Content	approaches that underlie research in semantics. One important focus is on word
	meaning (lexical semantics), which includes topics such as categorization;
	construal; lexical ambiguity, relations such as synonymy and antonymy, and
	lexical semantic change. The module will explore the cognitive and conceptual
	models on which lexical semantics is based such as: event types, plurality and
	count/mass distinctions, and causation. At the level of sentences, topics include
	the speakers' choices to locate an event in space and time, using systems of tense
	and aspect, and to identify participants, through semantic roles. The students
	will be given the opportunity to engage with language data and to analyse the
Deserves	processes of conveying and understanding meaning.
Recommended	Saeed, John I. 2016. Semantics. Fourth edition. Oxford: Wiley-Blackwell.
Reading List	[required textbook] Ježek, Elisabetta. 2016. The Lexicon: An Introduction. Oxford: Oxford University
	Press.
	FIC33.

	Lyons, John. 1977. Semantics. 2 volumes. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
Assessment	Assessment 1 (30%)
Details	Data analysis assignment
	Assessment 2 (70%)
	Written assignment

Module Code	LIU11013
Module Name	First Language Acquisition
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 2/Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Breffni O'Rourke
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module, students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Debate historically influential theories of first language acquisition
	LO2. Explain some central concepts in the linguistic domains of phonology,
	morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics.
	LO3. Describe central aspects of first language acquisition in relation to each of
	the major domains of language.
	LO4. Describe central aspects of first language acquisition and development in
	relation to several developmental stages.
	LO5. Discuss the characteristics of bilingual and multilingual first language
	acquisition, and the differences between them.
Module	This module will introduce students to central issues in language acquisition
Learning Aims	and development. The aim is to equip students with an understanding of the nature of non-pathological language acquisition and development in various
	domains, and an appreciation of the rates and routes of normal language
	acquisition.
Module	After a general introduction, the module deals with the principal domains of
Content	language acquisition: sounds, word meanings, sentence grammar, word
content	grammar, and communication. It then deals with the issues of bilingual and
	multilingual acquisition, individual variation, acquisitional stages, and language
	universals.
Recommended	Rowland, Caroline (2013). Understanding Child Language Acquisition.
Reading List	Abingdon: Routledge. [required textbook]
	[Other references will be supplied during the module]
Assessment	Assignment (100%)
Details	Students are required to complete a take-home test during the Semester 1
	assessment period.

YEAR 2 - Senior Fresher

Module Code	LIU22005
Module Name	Syntax II
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 1/ Michaelmas Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	LIU11009 Syntax I
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week) Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Craig Sailor
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Recognise the formal study of the syntax of human languages from a
	generative perspective at an intermediate level.
	LO2. Identify how sentence structure is hierarchically organised, rule-governed, and systematic within and across languages at an intermediate level.
	LO3. Explain formally the differences among the languages of the world at an
	intermediate level.
Module	This module has four principal aims:
Learning Aims	- To come to an understanding of the structural underpinnings of how words
	come together to form sentences.
	- To introduce the student to the ways in which linguists approach the
	observable structural aspects of language.
	 To being able to recognise and investigate the combinatory system that forms sentences from phrases and phrases from their subparts.
	- To learn how to analyse languages formally, i.e., analytically investigate phrase
	and sentence structure.
Module	This module builds on the JF module Syntax I and it introduces students to an
Content	intermediate-level study of the formal study of syntax in natural language from
	a cognitive perspective. By 'syntax', we mean linguistic structure at the phrase
	and sentence level. That is, the combination of words into phrases and phrases into sentences. Detailed investigation into sentence structure reveal that
	sentences are not formed merely by stringing together words. Instead, sentences
	have properties that imply a complex hierarchical organization that is rule-
	governed and systematic within and across languages. By 'formal', we mean
	analytically precise investigation that focuses on the form of a linguistic object –
	here, phrase and sentence structure. We will study syntax from a 'cognitive
	perspective', meaning that the overarching goal of our investigation is to explore and model the human cognitive faculty responsible for building and manipulating
	complex syntactic structures in the mind.
Recommended	Sportiche, Dominique, Koopman, Hilda, Stabler, Edward. 2014. An Introduction
Reading List	to Syntactic Analysis and Theory. London: Wiley Blackwell.
Assessment	[Detailed reading list available on Blackboard] Assignment 1 (10%)
Details	Assignment 2 (30%)
	Assignment 3 (60%)

Module Code	LIU22007
Module Name	Sociolinguistics
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 1/ Michaelmas Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Valentina Colasanti
Personnel	On successful completion of this we duly students should be able to:
Learning Outcomes	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Describe socially-significant variation in the use of language within specific language communities.
	LO2. Identify socially-significant variables within languages and to examine
	these in the light of hypotheses on historical change.
	LO3. Critically discuss language standardisation as a social process.
	LO4. Critically review relationships between language and other aspects of
	culture and cognition.
	LO5. Conduct library or field research on language in its social context.
Module	This module is an introduction to the study of language in relation to society.
Learning Aims	
Module	Sociolinguistics is the systematic study of language as a social phenomenon.
Content	The way that an individual speaks is determined by many factors, such as:
	a) where they are from
	b) how old they are
	c) who they are speaking with at a particular time
	d) who they generally speak with
	e) what they think about how others speak
	This class is a hands-on exploration of how social factors influence the way that
	language is used. We investigate variation that occurs in language and how languages change. Some of the topics we cover include regional variation,
	language attitudes, multilingualism, social networks, and language contact.
Recommended	Janet Holmes and Nick Wilson. 2017. An Introduction to Sociolinguistics. 5 th
Reading List	edition. London: Routledge. (required text)
0	Tagliamonte, Sali. 2012. Variationist Sociolinguistics: Change, Observation and
	Interpretation. London/New York: Wiley-Blackwell.
	Van Herk, Gerard. 2012. What is sociolinguistics? London/New York: Wiley-
	Blackwell.
	Wardhaugh, Ronald and Janet M. Fuller. 2015. An Introduction to
	Sociolinguistics. 7 th ed. Oxford: Wiley-Blackwell.
	[Detailed reading list available on Blackboard]
Assessment	Assignment 1 (10%)
Details	Assignment 2 (30%)
	Assignment 3 (60%)

Module Code	LIU22006
Module Name	Introduction to Sign Linguistics I
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 1/ Michaelmas Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week) Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Isabelle Heyerick
Personnel	
Learning Outcomes	On successful completion of this module students should be able to: LO1. Understand the history and ongoing development of sign language linguistics as a field LO2. Understand what makes up the phonetics and phonology of signed languages LO3. Identify the 5 phonological parameters that make up a sign LO4. Identify the major NMFs that occur in ISL and how NMFs co-occur with other manual elements in ISL LO5. Describe the difference between mouthings and mouth gestures LO6. Explain the major categories of verbs in ISL LO7. Recognise the use of signing space in a signed language, with reference to verb agreement and classifier predicates LO8. Recognise how manner and aspect function in ISL LO9. Demonstrate ability to gloss ISL texts accurately in ELAN LO10. Describe the role of iconicity and phonetic features in ISL lexicon LO11. Demonstrate the way in which new signs develop LO12. Outline the historical context and understand the importance of the sociolinguistic context for ISL
Module Learning Aims	This module guides the student towards a basic understanding of the linguistic structures of signed languages, with particular reference to the indigenous sign language of Ireland, Irish Sign Language and its sociolinguistic context. This module introduces the basic descriptive parameters of sign languages. Focus is particularly on the phonetic, phonological, morphological, and morpho- syntactic breakdown of sign languages. Topics covered include analysis of the basic parameters of a sign, compounding processes in ISL, verb categories in ISL, non-manual features, and use of space in ISL. Across these topics attention is devoted to sociolinguistic aspects. We work with the Irish Sign Language corpus to identify authentic examples.
Module Content	 Week 1. An Introduction to sign language linguistics and sociolinguistics Week 2. Phonetics & Phonology Week 3. More on Phonetics & Phonology: focus on non-manual features: mouthings Week 4. Introducing ELAN, gloss annotations, and the Signs of Ireland Corpus Week 5. Non-manual features: phonology, phonetics and morphosyntax: mouth gestures, face, body. Week 6. Morphology Week 7. Reading Week

	Week 8. Morphology: verb classes in ISL, number, aspect, CL predicates,
	manner
	Week 9. More on Verbs & Marking number, aspect, manner
	Week 10. In-class presentation
	Week 11. Practicum: ELAN
	Week 12. The lexicon. Revision
Recommended	Essential readings:
Reading List	Leeson, L and Saeed, J.I 2012: Irish Sign Language. Edinburgh: Edinburgh
	University Press.
	See: <u>https://ebookcentral-proquest-</u>
	<pre>com.elib.tcd.ie/lib/trinitycollege/detail.action?docID=10690</pre>
	Kusters, Annelies and Lucas Ceil. 2022. Emergence and evolutions: Introducing
	sign language sociolinguistics. Journal of Sociolinguistics, 26, 84-98
	See: https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/josl.12522
	Selected chapters from:
	Schembri, A. C. and Lucas Ceil. 2015. Sociolinguistics and Deaf Communities.
	Cambridge University Press
	[Reading list available on Blackboard]
Assessment	Assessment 1 (75%)
Details	In-class test
	Assessment 2 (25%)
	In-class presentation
Details	Assessment 2 (25%)

Module Code	LIU22008
Module Name	Phonology II
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 1/ Michaelmas Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	LIU11010 Phonetics and Phonology I
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Dr. Maria O' Reilly
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Demonstrate the ability to analyse phonological data according to
	established methods in linguistic theory.
	LO2. Engage in the critical analysis of competing models for understanding
	phonology as a part of the universal grammatical system which underlies
	human language.
	LO3. Develop new questions and hypotheses with regard to phonological data
	gained from first-hand observation.
	LO4. Communicate the results of phonological analysis in an accurate, explicit,
	and theoretically-justified manner.
Module	This module is an introduction to phonological theory. We'll look at the
Learning Aims	relationship between constraints and processes, with a focus on theory
	comparison. One question will be related to what kinds of constraints,

	processes, or interactions thereof do we want to posit, and what kinds of
	phenomena does each theory predict.
Module	This module builds on the JF module <i>Phonetics and Phonology I</i> . Phonology can
Content	be defined as that part of the human knowledge of language which pertains to
Content	sound systems. Within linguistic theory, the emphasis in phonology shifts from
	the phonetic production and perception of speech sounds to the way in which
	sound systems are related to other aspects of the grammar which underlies
	language as a feature of the human mind. Building on earlier structural
	orientations to phonology, the 'generative revolution' of the later 20 th century
	demonstrated the importance of interfaces between phonology and
	components of the grammar such as morphology (the structure and generation
	of words and functional elements) and syntax.
Recommended	Davenport, M., & Hannahs, S. J. (2010). <i>Introducing Phonetics and Phonology</i>
Reading List	(3rd ed.). Routledge. [coursebook]
	Kenstowicz, Michael & Charles Kisseberth. 1979. Generative Phonology:
	Description and Theory. New York: Academic Press. [textbook]
	Borowsky, Toni. 1986. Topics in the Lexical Phonology of English. University of
	Massachusetts, Amherst.
	Mohanan, K. P. 1982. Lexical Phonology. MIT.
	Prince, Alan & Paul Smolensky. 2004. Optimality Theory: Constraint interaction
	in generative grammar. Malden, Mass., and Oxford, UK: Blackwell.
	[Detailed reading list available on Blackboard]
Assessment	Assignment 1 (50%)
Details	In-class test
	Assignment 2 (50%)
	Two take-home data analysis problems

Module Code	LIU22009
Module Name	Morphology
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 2/ Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Craig Sailor
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Demonstrate a knowledge the processes and building blocks which
	determine the structure of words in a language.
	LO2. Analyse the inflectional and derivational paradigms in a language.
	LO3. Demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between morphology
	and other levels of linguistic analysis.
	LO3. To show an understanding of major theoretical issues surrounding how
	the components of the human language faculty fit together.

Module	Words are among the most fundamental and tangible parts of language.
Learning Aims	Morphology is the study of the internal structure of words. In this module, we
	will look at the basic building blocks of words and the ways in which words
	systematically change shape in order to signify and accommodate relationships
	with other elements of communication. Cross-linguistically languages employ
	an impressive range of methods for the creation of new words (derivation) and
	word forms (inflection). We will look at various morphology typologies. We will
	also explore how morphology interacts with other levels of linguistics analysis. Some of the questions we'll explore during this module are: What is a word?
	How does morphology relate to phonology, and to other areas of grammar,
	such as syntax and semantics?
Module	- Why morphology?
Content	- The notion of word
content	- Derivational morphology
	- Inflectional morphology
	- Prosodic morphology
	- Morphology Typology
	- Theoretical approaches to morphology
Recommended	Harley, Heidi. 2005. English Words: A Linguistic Introduction. Cambridge
Reading List	University Press.
	Booij, Geert. (2007). The Grammar of Words: An introduction to morphology.
	Oxford University Press.
	[Detailed reading list available on Blackboard]
Assessment	Assignment 1 (10%)
Details	Assignment 2 (30%)
	Assignment 3 (60%)

Module Code	LIU22010
Module Name	Applied Linguistics I
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 2/ Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: TBA
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Demonstrate an understanding of how theories and findings from the field
	of Applied Linguistics relate to key concepts in language teaching.
	LO2. Identify the identifying features of communicative approaches to formal
	language learning and teaching.
	LO3. Explain and evaluate the processes involved in the language curriculum
	design cycle, including language needs, goals and outcomes.
	LO4. Critically analyse the implementation of language curriculum design in a
	specific societal context.
Module	This module introduces students to fundamental principles of applied
Learning Aims	linguistics. In particular, the module focuses on language teaching, particularly

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	learner-centred approaches to language curriculum. Through the lens of
	research conducted in the field of applied linguistics, it explores the cycle of
	curriculum design, including the analysis of learner needs, the specification of
	learning outcomes, teaching materials and classroom activities.
Module	The module's content focuses on fundamental principles in language teaching
Content	from a communicative perspective. Using theories and findings generated within
	the field of Applied Linguistics, the module develops a deep understanding of
	how classroom language teaching is organised, ordered and implemented
	according to curricular aims and goals. Through a series of lectures and hands-on
	tutorials, students will explore the steps involved in curriculum design cycle,
	including language needs analysis, the specification of language learning
	outcomes, the design and selection of teaching materials and classroom
	activities. The module has a particular focus on action-oriented language
	learning, including the concept of plurilingualism and learner-centred
	approaches to language teaching. It draws on case studies selected from real-life
	examples of language teaching in international contexts, at various proficiency
	levels and for various learner groups at different stages of their language learning
	journeys.
Recommended	Badger, R., & MacDonald, M.N. 2011. Making it Real: Authenticity, Process and
Reading List	Pedagogy. Applied Linguistics 31(4), 578-582.
Ū	Council of Europe (2001). A common European framework of reference for
	languages: Learning, teaching, assessment. Strasbourg: Council of Europe.
	Graves, K. 2000. Designing language courses: A guide for teachers. London:
	Heinle & Heinle.
	Macalister, J. & Nation, I. S. P. (eds.). 2011. Case Studies in Language
	Curriculum Design: Concepts and Approaches in Action Around the World.
	New York: Routledge.
Assessment	Assignment 1 (50%)
Details	In-class presentation focussing on one aspect of the language curriculum design
	process.
	Assignment 2 (50%)
	Essay on an analytical case study applying theoretical aspects of the module to
	a specific curriculum design context.

Module Code	LIU22011
Module Name	Phonetics and Phonology Lab
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 2/ Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	LIU11010 Phonetics and Phonology; LIU22008 Phonology II
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Dr. Maria O' Reilly
Personnel	

Learning	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Provide an account of the acoustic theory of speech production.
	LO2. Describe the principal acoustic dimensions whereby speech sounds are contrasted in languages.
	LO3. Use laboratory techniques to investigate an aspect of the sound system of
	language(s), demonstrating skills in data segmentation, annotation,
	measurement, and interpretation.
	LO4. Critically discuss some of the phonetic factors (linked to speech production
	or perception) that constrain the sound systems of languages.
	LO5. Develop skills in the design, execution, and reporting of small-scale
	analytic studies, following the norms for the scientific reporting of experimental work.
Module	This laboratory-based module builds on the JF module Phonetics and Phonology
Learning Aims	I and the SF module Phonology II and introduces students to the practical skills
	required for the empirical analysis of spoken language.
Module	This module will have a strong emphasis on acoustic approaches, such as broad
Content	and narrow band spectrography but, time permitting, articulatory
	(electropalatography) and/or aerodynamic techniques may also be used to
	illuminate specific aspects of sound systems. Throughout, students are
	expected to reflect on the phonetic factors (based in production and
	perception) that constrain the sound structures of languages.
Recommended	Ohala, J. J. (2005). Phonetic explanations of sound patterns. Implications for
Reading List	grammars of competence. In W. J. Hardcastle & J. M. Beck (eds.) A figure of
	speech. A festschrift for John Laver. London: Erlbaum. 23-38.
	Fry, D. (1979). Acoustic features of English Consonants, in <i>The Physics of</i>
	Speech, Cambridge University Press.
	Catford, J. (1977). <i>Fundamental Problems in Phonetics</i> . Bloomington: University of Indiana Press.
Assessment	Assignment 1 (50%)
Details	In-class test
Details	Assignment 2 (50%)
	Structured report: 1,500-word report (with tables & figures) on an analytic
	study

Module Code	LIU22012
Module Name	Pragmatics I
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 2/ Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Dr. Conor Pyle
Personnel	

Learning	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Demonstrate a theoretically informed awareness of the importance of
outcomes	inference and context to linguistic communication.
	LO2. Characterise core pragmatic and semantic phenomena and critically
	reflect upon the relationships between these two levels.
	LO3. Analyse real data, discuss their findings, and form generalisations relevant
	to the important questions in the field.
Module	LO4. Explain the Relevance Theory account of inferential pragmatics.
	This is an introductory module on pragmatics. It focuses on inferential theories
Learning Aims	of pragmatics with a particular focus to Relevance Theory.
Module	This module provides an introduction inferential theories of pragmatics and to
Content	Relevance Theory in particular. The module will explore some of the basic
	concepts, findings, and theoretical approaches that underlie research in
	pragmatics. Beginning with an introduction to the work of H.P. Grice and the
	theory of conversational maxims, the module will include the topics of the
	principle of relevance, conceptual and procedural meaning, the under-
	specification of meaning, processes of contextual enrichment, lexical pragmatics,
	coherence relations in discourse, and pragmatic accounts of metaphor and irony.
Recommended	Birner, Betty. 2012. Introduction to Pragmatics. Chichester: Wiley-Blackwell.
Reading List	Blakemore, Diane. 1992. Understanding Utterances: An Introduction to
	Pragmatics. Oxford: Blackwell.
	Clark, Billy. 2013. Relevance Theory. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
	Carston, Robyn. 2002. Thoughts and Utterances: The Pragmatics of Explicit
	Communication. Oxford: Blackwell.
	Grice, H. P. 1989. Studies in the Way of Words. Cambridge, MA: Harvard
	University Press.
	Levinson, Stephen C. 2000. Presumptive Meanings: The Theory of Generalized
	Conversational Implicature. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
	Levinson, Stephen C. 1983. Pragmatics. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
	Wilson, Deirdre, and Dan Sperber, 2012. Meaning and Relevance. Cambridge:
	Cambridge University Press.
Assessment	Assignment 1 (10%)
Details	Data analysis
	Assignment 2 (10%)
	Short literature review
	Assignment 3 (10%)
	Data analysis
	Assignment 4 (70%)
	Essay
	Data analysis Assignment 2 (10%) Short literature review Assignment 3 (10%) Data analysis Assignment 4 (70%)

YEAR 3 - Junior Sophister

Module Code	LIU33007
Module Name	Second Language Acquisition
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 1/ Michaelmas Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: TBA
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Relate the nature-nurture debate to language acquisition research.
	LO2. Identify the central issues on which language acquisition research has
	focused.
	LO3. Summarise the principal findings which have emerged from language
	acquisition research. LO4. Show the relevance of the findings of language acquisition research - in
	particular second language acquisition research – to second language
	teaching.
	LO5. Bring the findings of language acquisition research on the student's own
	experience as an observer of language acquisition and on his/her own
	experience as a language learner.
Module Learning	The course seeks to provide students with a first introduction to language
Aims	acquisition research – with particular reference to second language acquisition
	(SLA) research. It will identify the central issues on which such research has
	focused, will review some of the principal findings which have emerged and will
	explore the implications of such findings for language teaching. A further aim of
	the course will be to encourage students to reflect on your own experience as a
	language learner and to try and make sense of that experience.
Module Content	This module introduces students to key issues and findings in language
	acquisition research. The principal focus will be on second language acquisition,
	but first language acquisition will also be covered. Topics to be addressed will
	include: child language acquisition, the nature-nurture debate, errors and
	learning strategies, the learner's 'internal syllabus', individual learner differences, theories of second language acquisition, communication strategies and second
	language teaching.
Recommended	Cook, V. and Singleton, D. (2014) Key Topics in Second Language Acquisition.
Reading List	Bristol: Multilingual Matters.
	Ellis, R. and Shintani, N. (2014) Exploring Language Pedagogy through Second
	Language Acquisition Research. London: Routledge.
	[Detailed reading list available on Blackboard]
Assessment	Assignment 1 (25%)
Details	Assignment 2 (25%)
	Assignment 3 (25%)
	Assignment 4 (25%)

Module Code	LIU33005
Module Name	Discourse Analysis
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 1/ Michaelmas Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Breffni O'Rourke
Personnel	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Learning Outcomes	On successful completion of this module students should be able to: LO1. Describe linguistic discourse as a phenomenon worthy of systematic
Outcomes	investigation.
	LO2. Transcribe conversational discourse in sufficient detail for most analytic
	purposes.
	LO3. Explain the fundamentals of relevant ethnographic, pragmatic, and
	conversation-analytic conceptual frameworks.
	LO4. Analyse discourse from ethnographic, pragmatic, and conversation-
	analytic perspectives.
Module	Discourse Analysis is a broad field which encompasses various aspects of
Learning Aims	language in use: pragmatics; conversation analysis; social interaction and
	questions of identity, power and control; critical analysis of discourse in society;
	and the study of narrative. In this introduction, attention is given to the
	transcription of spoken discourse; speech acts, or how people 'do things with
	words'; the theory of politeness in discourse; and the structure of interactions
	such as conversations and interviews. The module aims to introduce students
	to a range of theoretical and analytic perspectives on discourse, and to
	introduce students to some of the main tools that have been used for analysing
	meaning and speaker choices in discourse.
Module	- What is discourse? Why and how should we study it?
Content	- Transcribing discourse (lecture and workshops)
	- The cultural context of discourse: Ethnography of Communication
	- "Doing things with words": speech act theory
	 Meanings beyond our words: the cooperative principle and conversational implicature
	- Beyond cooperativeness: politeness theory
	- Discourse markers
	- Microanalysis of talk-in-interaction: Conversation Analysis
Recommended	Detailed reading list available on Blackboard
Reading List	
Assessment	Assignment 1 (10%)
Details	Data analysis of conversational language data.
	Assignment 2 (40%) Transcription (pair work).
	Assignment 3 (60%)
	Transcription analysis (individual work).

Module Code	LIU33006
Module Name	Research Methodology
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 1/ Michaelmas Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: TBA
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Select an appropriate research design from a range of possible approaches
	LO2. Appraise the quality of evidence presented in research articles
	LO3. Identify, compare and contrast different sampling strategies
	LO4. Outline and critically evaluate different data collection techniques
	LO5. Identify and explain the stages of the research process
	LO6. Demonstrate the ability to select and apply appropriate statistical
	procedures for the analysis of data
Module	LO7. Demonstrate ability to identify and address ethical issues in research The module is compulsory for all the students willing to do a capstone project
Learning Aims	and has three principal aims: (i) to equip students with the knowledge and skills
Learning Anns	necessary to critically evaluate published research and to explore different
	ways of translating research questions in quantitative or qualitative studies; (ii)
	to introduce the basic concepts, experimental designs and statistical
	procedures needed to execute research; (iii) to provide hands-on experience in
	using the statistical package SPSS to carry out data analysis in linguistics.
	Training in SPSS will include data entry, presentation of results and the use of
	the package to conduct statistical tests to check for relationships among
	groups.
Module	Several topics module are presented in lectures and explored and/or discussed
Content	in class.
Recommended	School research ethics documents
Reading List	Dornyei, Z. (2011) 'Research Methods in Applied Linguistics'. Oxford: Oxford
	University Press
	Gass, S. & S. Mackey (eds.) Research Methods in Second Language Acquisition.
	Oxford: Wiley-Blackwell.
	Goodal, Grant (ed.). (2022) The Cambridge Handbook of Experimental Syntax.
	Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
	Schütze, Carson (1996) The Empirical Base of Linguistics: Grammaticality
	Judgments and Linguistic Methodology. Chicago: Chicago University Press.
Assessment	Assignment 1 (30%)
Details	Research project abstract
	Assignment 2 (70%)
	In class presentation on a research project developed during the term

Module Code	LIU33008
Module Name	Semantics II
ECTS Woighting	5 ECTS
ECTS Weighting Semester/Term	Semester 1/ Michaelmas Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	LIU11011 Semantics I
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Craig Sailor
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module, students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Describe the concepts and terminology used to account for the way in
	which meaning is conveyed at an intermediate level.
	LO2. Characterise core semantic and pragmatic phenomena at an intermediate
	level and critically reflect upon the relationships between these two levels.
	LO3. Analyse real data, discuss their findings, and form generalisations relevant
	to the important questions in the field at an intermediate level.
	LO4. Explain how linguistic meaning interacts with other knowledge systems:
	general knowledge, contextual and cultural knowledge at an intermediate level.
Module	This module builds on the JF module <i>Semantics I</i> and it introduces students to an intermediate level study of semantics. In particular, the module will focus on
Learning Aims	intermediate-level study of semantics. In particular, the module will focus on formal semantics (a.k.a. truth-conditional semantics), which studies the meaning
	of sentences. The main question explored in the module is how does a sentence
	end up associated with meaning?
Module	What is meaning?
Content	Meanings of sentences as truth conditions
	Compositional semantics
	Presuppositions
	Conversational implicatures
	Set theory
	Extensions and Intentions
	Presuppositional logic
	Nominal modifiers
	Verbal modifiers and events
	Tense and Aspect
	Referential expressions
	Quantifiers and quantifier rising Negative Polarity Items
	Modality
	Propositional attitudes
	Focus and Topic
Recommended	Portner, Paul H. (2005), What is meaning? London: Wiley-Blackwell. [textbook]
Reading List	Chierchia, Gennaro, McConnell-Ginet, Sally. (2000), Meaning and Grammar.
	Second edition. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
	Heim, Irene, Kratzer, Angelika. (1998), Semantics in Generative Grammar.
	London: Wiley-Blackwell.

	Larson, Richard K, Segal, Gabriel M.A. (1995), <i>Knowledge of meaning.</i> Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
	[Detailed reading list available on Blackboard]
Assessment	Assignment 1 (10%)
Details	Assignment 2 (30%)
	Assignment 2 (60%)

Module Code	LIU33009
Module Name	Applied Linguistics II
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 2 / Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Bronagh Ćatibušić
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module, students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Demonstrate an understanding of how theories and findings from the field
	of Applied Linguistics relate to key concepts in language assessment.
	LO2. Identify the principles of and steps involved in capturing and measuring
	communicative language proficiency.
	LO3. Explain and evaluate the decisions and methods used in language
	assessment and testing.
	LO4. Critically analyse the design and implementation of language tests in a specific societal context.
Module Learning	This module introduces students to fundamental principles in Applied Linguistics,
Aims	with particular focus on language assessment. Through the lens of research
	conducted in the field of Applied Linguistics, it explores how communicative
	language proficiency can be captured and measured with confidence. It examines
	the design cycle of language tasks and tests, the key decisions involved in
	language assessment, and the impact (both positive and negative) of language
	testing on learners, teachers and educational systems.
Module Content	The module's content focuses on fundamental principles in language assessment.
	Using theories and findings generated within the field of Applied Linguistics, it
	explores how communicative language proficiency – the productive skills of
	speaking/writing and the reception skills of listening/reading – may be captured
	and measured with confidence, both in contexts of informal assessment (e.g.
	within the language classroom) and formal assessment (e.g. national examination
	systems). Through a series of lectures and hands-on tutorials, students will explore
	and discussion the key steps and decisions involved in language assessment and
	testing, and learn about validity and reliability of assessment. The module has a
	particular focus on the social impact of language assessment, and addresses the
	impact (both positive and negative) of language testing on learners, teachers and aducational systems in different international contexts.
	educational systems in different international contexts.

Recommended	Bailey, K. (1998) Learning About Language Assessment: Dilemmas, Decisions and
Reading List	Directions. London: Heinle & Heinle.
	McNamara, T. (2000) Language Testing. New York: Oxford University Press.
	Stansfield (2008) 'Where we have been and where we should go.' Language
	Testing, 25 (3), 311.
	Weir, C.J. (1990) Communicative Language Testing. London: Prentice Hall
	International.
	Weir, C.J. (2005) Language Testing and Validation. New York: Palgrave
	MacMillan.
Assessment	Assignment 1 (50%)
Details	In-class presentation focussing on one aspect of the language assessment
	process.
	Assignment 2 (50%)
	Essay on analytical case study applying theoretical aspects of the module to a
	specific language test example.

Module Code	LIU33010
Module Name	Historical Linguistics
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term Taught	Semester 2 / Hilary Term
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week) Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Nathan Hill
Personnel	
Learning Outcomes	On successful completion of this module, students should be able to: LO1. Identify recurrent correspondence patterns in a comparative word list from related languages. LO2. Explain some of the most important changes that account for the divergence of languages within a particular language family. LO3. Evaluate the merits of a phonological versus an analogical explanation for a language change. LO4. Utilize reconstructed vocabulary to make arguments about the material and social world of a pre-historic people.
Module Learning Aims	In this module, students will learn how languages are related to one another and how they change over time. At the conclusion of the module, students will be familiar with reconstruction and the comparison method, as well as the importance of analogy in the shaping of language histories. The module will give an introduction to descriptive and theoretical aspects of historical linguistics, covering phonetic, phonological, morphological and syntactic change with data from European and non-European languages.
Module Content	In the early 19th century, it was discovered that in some cases the words of today's languages have systematic correspondences between each other. For example, where Latin has a p- and English an f-, the corresponding Old Irish word begins with a vowel (pater, father, athair; piscis, fish, iasc). Using such correspondences linguists were able to reconstruct, Indo-European, the language ancestral to Latin, English and Irish. Groups of languages related by common descent are called

	'language families'. Other large families include Sino-Tibetan, which gave rise to
	Tibetan, Chinese, Burmese and about 300 other languages, and Uralic, which
	includes Finish, Hungarian, and many languages spoken by small populations in
	Russia.
	This module will introduce students to the major language families of the world,
	the ways in which the relatedness of languages are demonstrated and the methods
	for reconstructing ancestral languages. In addition students will learn about those
	processes that shape languages through time, including the borrowing of
	vocabulary (e.g. the successive borrowing of 'chief' and 'chef' from the same
	French word into English under different social conditions of contact with speakers
	of French) and changes in grammar, such as the loss of 'thou' in English or the
	replacement of 'holpen' with 'helped'.
Recommended	Campbell, L. (2013). <i>Historical Linguistics: An Introduction</i> . Edinburgh: Edinburgh
Reading List	University Press. 3rd edition.
_	Dimmendaal, G. (2011). Historical Linguistics and the Comparative Study of
	African Languages. Amsterdam: John Benjamins.
	Fortson, B. (2009). Indo-European Language and Culture: An Introduction. 2nd
	Edition. Malden: Wylie.
Assessment	Assignment 1 (20%)
Details	In-class presentation focussing on one topic related to historical linguistics.
	Assignment 2 (80%)
	A maximum 2,000 words essay on a topic related to historical linguistics.

Module Code	LIU33011
Module Name	Phonetics II
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 2 / Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	LIU11010 Phonetics and Phonology I
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Dr. Irena Yanushevskaya
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module, students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Demonstrate an understanding of the features of the voice (production,
	acoustic and perceptual) that are exploited in language prosody.
	LO2. Discuss some of the main functions of prosody in spoken
	communication.
	LO3. Describe different models that are used for intonation analysis, indicating
	their underlying assumptions about the nature of prosody, and detailing some
	of their advantages and limitations.
	LO4. Demonstrate mastery of empirical skills needed for analytic studies of
	aspects of prosody, using laboratory-based techniques.
	LO5. Present the results of analytic studies, following the conventions for
	scientific reporting in the field.
-	This module is an exploration of prosody in spoken languages.
Aims	

Module Content	This laboratory-based module builds on the JF module Phonetics and Phonology I
	and looks at the prosodic level of spoken communication. It examines the
	dimensions of the voice that are dynamically modulated in prosody and considers
	the kinds of linguistic and paralinguistic information that prosody conveys. The
	characteristics of the voice are looked at, from the perspectives of production
	(what is controlled by the speaker), the acoustic (measurable) features and the
	auditory correlates (pitch, loudness, voice quality) that listeners hear as prosody.
	Intonation analysis, the most widely researched aspect of linguistic prosody, is
	introduced. Approaches to intonation analysis are considered, along with their
	theoretical assumptions and analytic methodologies. Students carry out and
	present a short analytic task aimed to provide experience in the laboratory analysis
	of prosodic patterns of spoken language. Although the emphasis is on the acoustic
	realisation of prosodic patterns, temporal aspects, such as speech timing and
Deserve and a l	rhythm are also discussed.
Recommended	Cruttenden, A. (1986) <i>Intonation</i> . Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
Reading List	Gussenhoven, C. (2004) <i>The Phonology of Tone and Intonation</i> . Cambridge:
	Cambridge University Press.
	Ladd, D. R. (2008). Intonational Phonology (2 ed.). Cambridge: Cambridge
	University Press.
Assessment	[Detailed reading list is available on Blackboard] Assignment 1 (30%)
Details	In-class test
Details	Assignment 2 (30%)
	Group presentation
	Assignment 3 (40%)
	Structured report

Module Code	LIU33012
Module Name	Introduction to Sign Linguistics II
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 2 / Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Isabelle Heyerick
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module, students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Search and annotate texts accurately in ELAN
	LO2. Demonstrate a basic understanding of Mental Space Theory
	LO3. Identify and demonstrate how time can be marked in ISL
	LO4. Understand the importance of depiction for ISL
	LO5. Explain the basic syntactic make up of ISL phrases
	LO6. Describe features that are evident in narrative structure in ISL with regards
	to role shift, constructed dialogue, constructed action

	LO7. Explain a deep and analytical understanding of the socio-cultural and
	sociolinguistic context that signed languages operate within, reference to ISL.
	LO8. Identify the range of literature that exists in signed languages linguistics,
	with reference to ISL.
	LO9. Relate the historical and sociolinguistics context for ISL past, current, and
	future development.
Module	This module builds on content from An Introduction to Sign Linguistics I
Learning Aims	(although the former module is not a pre-requisite for JH Linguistics
	students), and introduces students to the morpho-syntax, semantics and
	pragmatics of ISL. Topics for discussion include the identification of word
	order in ISL, use of topic-comment constructions, question marking,
	negation, reflexives and reciprocals in ISL, and passive constructions. Other
	subjects addressed include iconicity and gesture and their relationship to
	signed languages. This module further expands on specific sociolinguistic
	aspects of Irish Sign Language. These include linguistic variation associated
	with gender, generation, sexual orientation, regional usage, language
	acquisition/exposure/ deprivation. The students are introduced to concepts
	such as multilingualism, multimodality, translanguaging and are invited to
	broaden their understanding of who are sign language "users". We work
	with the Irish Sign Language corpus to identify authentic examples.
Module Content	Week 1. Outline for term. Introducing Mental Space Theory and its application
	in Sign Language Linguistics.
	Week 2. Simultaneity in Sign Languages; Practical session – using ELAN
	Week 3. Marking time
	Week 4. Depiction in ISL
	Week 5. End of Module information and ELAN practice
	Week 6. Syntax, constituents, and prepositions
	Week 7. Reading Week.
	Week 8. Marking time: practical application
	Week 9. Discourse Structure Considerations
	Week 10. Language Variation
	Week 11. Language, Gesture and Metaphor
	Week 12. Broadening our scope: who is the signer (considering language
	practices, multilingualism, multimodality and translanguaging)
Decommonded	Revision
Recommended Reading List	Essential readings:
Reading List	Leeson, L and Saeed, J.I 2012: Irish Sign Language. Edinburgh: Edinburgh
	University Press.
	See: https://ebookcentral-proquest-
	com.elib.tcd.ie/lib/trinitycollege/detail.action?docID=10690
	Annelies Kusters, Massimiliano Spotti, Ruth Swanwick & Elina Tapio (2017)
	Beyond languages, beyond modalities: transforming the study of semiotic
	repertoires, International Journal of Multilingualism, 14:3, 219-232.
	See: https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/14790718.2017.1321651
	Maartje De Meulder, Annelies Kusters, Erin Moriarty & Joseph J. Murray (2019)
	Describe, don't prescribe. The practice and politics of translanguaging in the
	context of deaf signers, Journal of Multilingual and Multicultural Development,
	40:10, 892-906. See:
	https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/01434632.2019.1592181?src=recsys

	Selected chapters from: Schembri, A. C. and Lucas Ceil. 2015. Sociolinguistics and Deaf Communities. Cambridge University Press
	[Reading list available on Blackboard]
Assessment	Assignment 1 (50%)
Details	Annotation of a short video in ELAN
	Assignment 2 (50%)
	Create a Wiki

YEAR 4 - Senior Sophister

Module Code	LIU44011
Module Name	Linguistics Capstone Project
ECTS Weighting	20 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 1/Semester 2 / Michaelmas Term /Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 hours Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Breffni O'Rourke
Personnel	Noule coordinator. From Brenni o Rodike
Learning	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Apply principles of research design and implement a research project.
	LO2. Demonstrate critical thinking about problems in language and
	communication.
	LO3. Demonstrate skills of analysis and the ability to communicate research
	findings to a range of potential audiences. LO4. Demonstrate an in-depth knowledge of a particular topic in linguistics.
	LO5. Manage and write an independent research project.
	205. Wuhage and write an independent research project.
Module	The course will be based on a mixture of lectures, small-group work, and
Learning Aims	individual supervision. Students will be expected to read and to use the insights
	gained from reading, lectures, and discussion to develop and carry out their own
	original research plans.
Module Content	This module builds on the JS module <i>Research Methodology</i> and introduces the
	students to how to do research in linguistics. The content aims to introduce the student to a practical application of critical analysis of previous research in order
	to develop a research question, implement a research plan (using methodology
	appropriate to the research question), consider research ethics in the conduct
	and reporting of research. The session will also focus on collection and analysis
	of data and supporting materials for research and presentation of results, their
	critical analysis and the implication for further research. This module will guide
	the student during the development of their project leading to its submission, in
	accordance with TJH regulations.
Recommended	Podesva, Robert J. and Devyani Sharma. 2014. Research Methods in Linguistics.
Reading List	Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
	Wray, Alison and Aileen Bloomer. 2006. Projects in Linguistics: A Practical Guide
	to Researching Language. 2nd ed. London: Hodder Education.
	[Detailed reading list available on Blackboard]
Assessment	Assignment (100%)
Details	Students will submit a research project during Hilary term (maximum 10,000 words of discursive text)
	words of discursive text).

Module Code	LIU44002
Module Name	Computational Linguistics
ECTS Weighting	5 ECTS
Semester/Term	Semester 2 / Hilary Term
Taught	
Pre-requisites	None
Contact Hours	Direct hours = 22 (1 term, 2 hours per week)
	Indicative hours = 100
Module	Module Coordinator: Prof. Carl Vogel
Personnel	
Learning	On successful completion of this module students should be able to:
Outcomes	LO1. Construct informed arguments in defence of constituent structure analyses of natural language sentences.
	LO2. Determine the formal syntactic expressivity requirements of infinite
	abstract languages.
	LO3. Prove the formal syntactic expressivity requirements of natural languages.
	LO4. Outline the relevance of the computational complexity implications of levels
	of formal syntactic expressivity in relation to facts of human cognition and
	engineering artefacts in computational linguistics.
	LO5. Design, implement and evaluate computational grammars for natural
	language in response to test-suites representative of linguistic phenomena of interest in the literature.
	LO6. Critically evaluate computational theories of grammar in relation to
	considerations relevant to cognitive science and natural language processing.
Module Learning	
Aims	• engage with the study of linguistics as a field of academic inquiry
	that includes computational modelling and methods from cognitive
	science within its range of methodological approaches.
	 demonstrate competence in analytic tools, encompassing formal,
	experimental, and computational approaches.
	 discuss advanced topics in linguistics, incorporating cognitive and formal perspectives on language.
	 communicate effectively to specialists the results of their
	research on topics in linguistics through written papers and other
	means where appropriate.
	 mobilize the knowledge, strategies and skills needed for further
	intellectual development and independent, life-long learning as well
	as for undertaking further, autonomous study.
Module Content	The module addresses the computational modelling of natural language, attending to constraints imposed by empirical fact in cognitive science and
	theoretical results from computer science.
Recommended	Jurafsky, D. and J. Martin (2000) Speech and Language Processing: An
Reading List	Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and
nouting List	Speech Recognition. Prentice Hall. ISBN: 0-130950696.
	Gazdar, Gerald and Chris Mellish (1989) Natural Language Processing in Prolog.
	Addison Wesley.
	Nugues, P. M. (2006). An Introduction to Language Processing with Perl and
	Prolog. Springer.

	Pereira, Fernando and Stuart Shieber (1987) Prolog and Natural-Language Analysis. Stanford: CSLI Publications. ISBN: 0-937-07318-0.
Assessment	Assignment 1 (10%)
Details	Grammar development
	Assignment 2 (90%)
	Essay