





RESTORE Workshop

Barriers to resilience among healthcare staff in Ireland in the post-austerity period: A cross-sectional analysis

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Background

Staff Engagement: Psychological state or attitude, in which people are positive about traits, such as satisfaction, commitment, and involvement towards their job, role, or organization. ¹

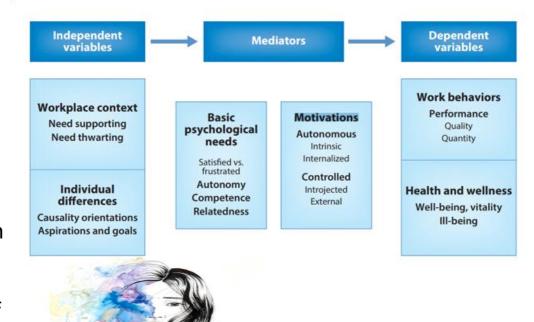
Worldwide



- No unique theoretical framework and major differences in the concept, theory, and mediators related to staff engagement ²
- Lack of research on employees' differences and its influence on engagement²

COVID-19 and Staff Engagement: Necessity of personalised strategies to guarantee the staff engagement into the health sector ²

The basic self-determination theory model in the workplace.



Background

Ireland

HSE Surveys: "Your opinion Counts"



- Government of Ireland
- Policy context for staff engagement:
 One of the six drivers of the
 "Framework for Improving Quality in our Health Service"
- HSE surveys on staff engagement:
 Biannual basis (2014, 2016, 2018) ^{3,4}

IPSOS/Employment Engagement Model





- Not tailored for the Irish Health Care system, workplace approach⁵
- 2. Dimensions: doesn't include individual level
- 3. Just 12/151 questions were utilized for measuring Staff engagement

Methodology: Thesis Aim and Research Objectives

Assess health staff engagement in Ireland by measuring its general trends and the impact that particular features by organisational and individual levels have on the overall employee engagement

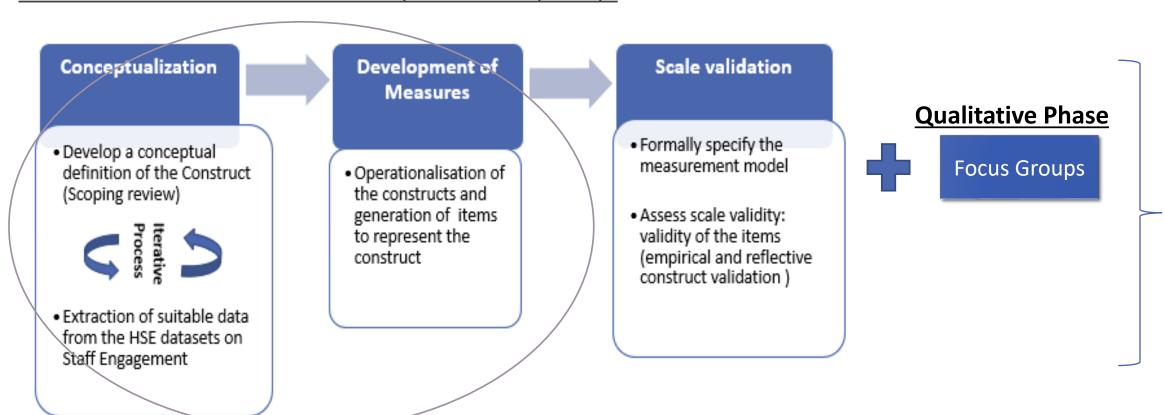
Research Objectives

- 1. To develop an engagement measurement framework and instrument, tailoring it for Irish Health context and drawing on the existing knowledge base of employee engagement
- 2. Identify employee engagement's theoretical frameworks and dimensions from the literature and validate their measuring criteria utilising the HSE collected data on Staff engagement
- Compare and analyse the outcomes obtained utilising the IPSOS model and the new developed theoretical framework.

Quantitative Phase

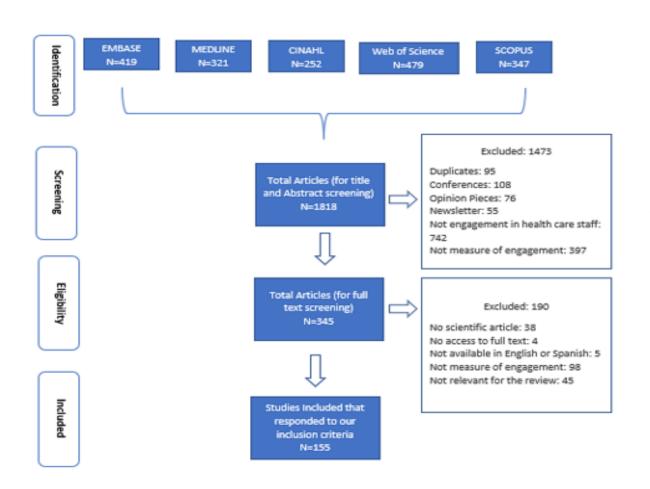
Construction and validation of the theoretical framework

Construction and validation Model (Mirza et. al (2019). 6

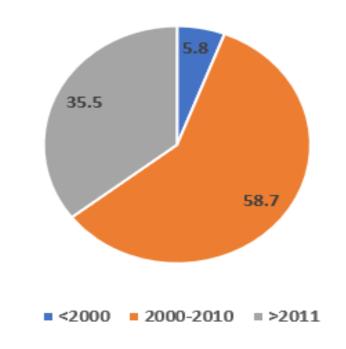


Scoping review: Results

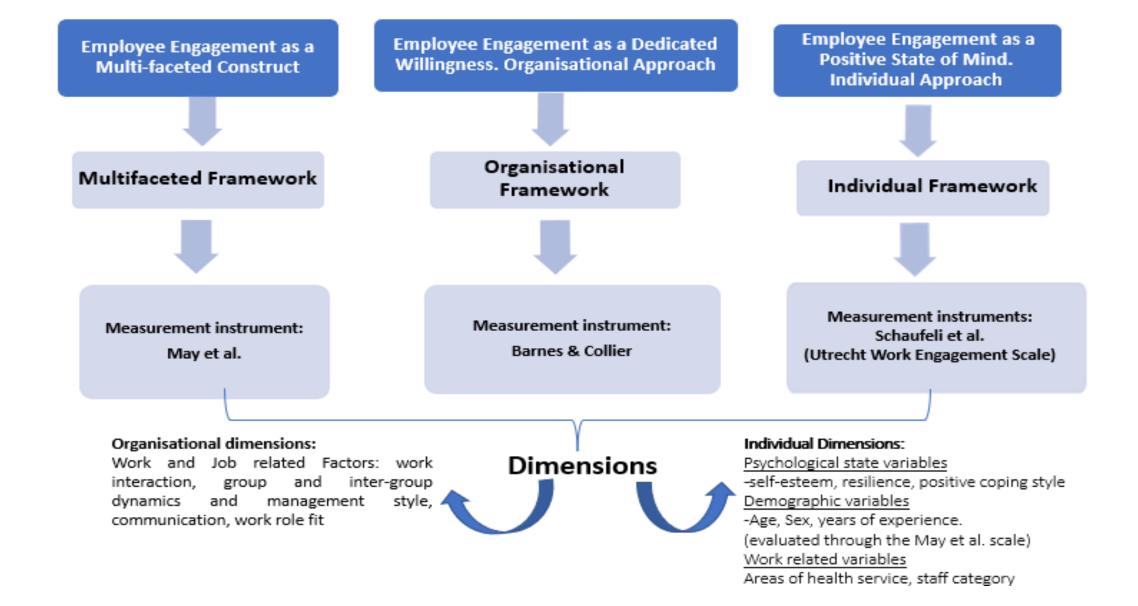
Flow Chart



Articles by year of publication



Scoping review: Results



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Secondary Data Analysis: Methodology

DATA SOURCES

A Repeated crosssectional analysis, secondary data and subgroup analysis was carried out utilising the data collected in the last 2 waves (2016,2018) of the HSE staff engagement surveys (Your Opinion Counts) DATA ANALYSIS

Descriptive statistics were calculated for generating the baseline characteristics

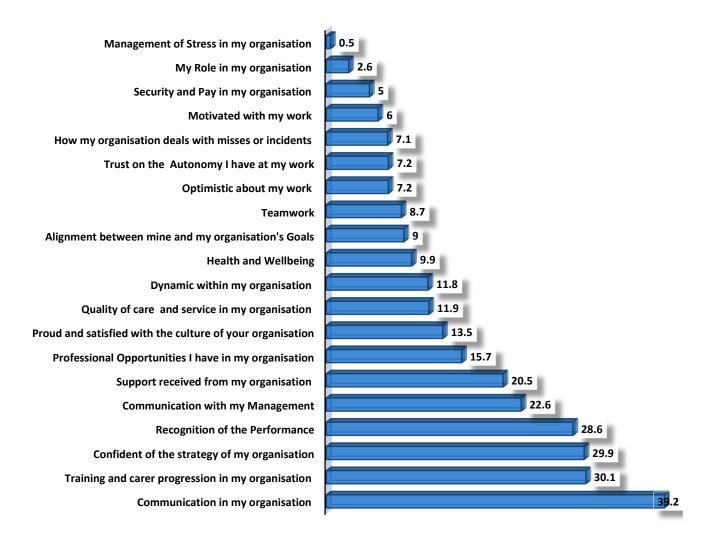
Post-stratification or non-response weights were estimated to obtain trustable results and decrease the bias associated with the level of representativeness of the sample

Ordinal logistic regression: to model the effect of the domains on the engagement of the staff

Secondary Data Analysis: Results

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Organisational Dimensions of Staff Engagement by level of Satisfaction (HSE-YOC surveys)



Sociodemogra **Psychological** state variables phic variables Bullying Sex (female) (OR:2.0) (OR:1.02) Discrimination *Ref Cat: Male (OR:3.2) *Ref Cat: No Work related factors *Reference Category

Individual Dimensions of Staff Engagement (HSE-YOC surveys)

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National Ambulance

Service (OR:2.8)

Areas of Health service

*Ref Cat: Acute Hospitals

Care

Staff Category

*Ref Cat: Patient & Client

- Medical/Dental (OR:2.39)
- Nursing (OR:1.95)
- General Support Staff (OR:1.95)

Divisions of health care services *Ref Cat: older People Services

· Primary Care (OR:1.66)

Mental Health (OR:1.55)

Disability

(OR:1.36)

Type of Service and Years of service *Ref Cat: <5 years Community Health Organisations (CHO) areas *Ref Cat:CHO:9

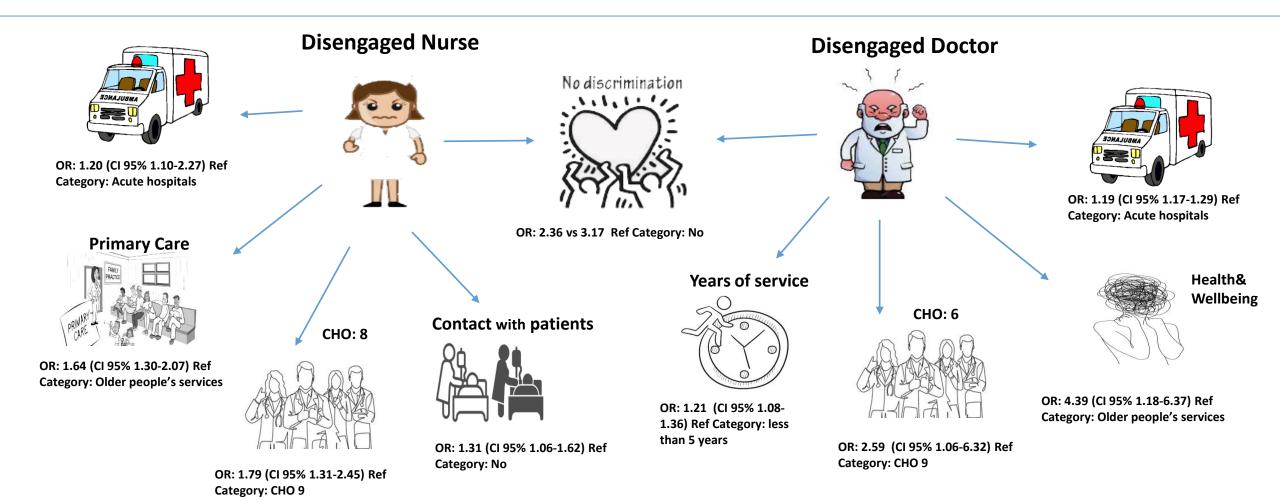
Working in the
Irish Health System
for more than 5
years (OR:1.21)

CHO Area 8 (OR:1.45) CHO Area 5 (OR:1.38)

CHO Area 1 (OR:1.35)

Secondary Data Analysis: Results





KEY MESSAGES

Individual staff characteristics should be included in any instrument/framework that measures staff engagement

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Health organisations should offer more information on the available services for coping with discrimination and bullying to their staff



Enhancing the opportunities of training and Carer Progression



Improving the communication strategies are the best approaches for guaranteeing the retention of the health staff

References

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