Science at Trinity

Faculty of Engineering, Mathematics and Science

TR062
Geography and Geoscience
Junior Fresh Programme 2018 - 2019
This handbook applies to all students taking TR062: Geography and Geoscience. It provides a guide to what is expected of you on this programme, and the academic and personal support available to you. Please retain for future reference.

The information provided in this handbook is accurate at time of preparation. Any necessary revisions will be notified to students via email and the Science Course Office website (http://www.tcd.ie/Science). Please note that, in the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the General Regulations published in the University Calendar and information contained in course handbooks, the provisions of the General Regulations will prevail.

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Web Address: http://www.tcd.ie/Science/
## Index

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page no</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TR062: Geography and Geoscience introduction</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TR062: Geography and Geoscience overview and module selection</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Semester structure – 2018-19</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change of approved module information</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TR062: Geography and Geoscience module choice form</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TR062: Geography and Geoscience Core modules</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- GSU11001: Spaceship Earth: An introduction to Earth System Science</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- GSU11002: Introduction to Geology: A Beginner’s Guide to Planet Earth</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- GSU11003: The Anthropocene: Constructing the Human Planet</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- MAU11001: Mathematics, Statistics and Computation</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TR062: Geography and Geoscience Approved modules</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- BYU11101: From Molecules to Cells</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- BYU11102: From Organisms to Ecosystems</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- CHU11101: General and Physical Chemistry</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- CHU11102: Introduction to Inorganic and Organic Chemistry</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- PYU11F20: Foundation Physics for Life and Earth Scientists</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- GGU11006: Human Geography – Exploring the Interconnected World</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate Attributes</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dates to note</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic year structure</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College Registration information</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course Transfer information</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progression and awards</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attendance regulations</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Absence from College information – Medical and Absence Certificates</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-satisfactory attendance and course work information</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plagiarism information</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trinity Tutorial Service</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disability Services</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Counselling</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Useful College websites</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample timetables</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TR062: Geography and Geosciences

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Welcome to Science at Trinity

TR062: Geography and Geoscience introduction

Welcome to Geography and Geoscience at Trinity. Geography and Geoscience is the study of our planet and the people that live on it. This multi-disciplinary programme is designed by leading research scientists in response to critical challenges facing the Earth system and humanity in the 21st century. It integrates knowledge from the physical, chemical, biological and social sciences to develop novel insights into Earth system function and human-environment interactions.

Our four-year programme, culminating in the degrees of Geography or Geoscience, combines classroom lectures, seminars, laboratory-based practical classes, and outdoor field work, to develop the theoretical understanding and technical expertise needed to address applied, real-world problems such as natural resource management and sea level rise.

In years 1 and 2 you will acquire a broad grounding in geography and geoscience with an emphasis on physical geography, geology and human-environment interactions. You will learn about topical issues such as climate change, natural hazards (e.g. volcanoes, earthquakes, landslides), energy, sustainability and natural resources. These foundation years cover a diverse range of material including: the origins and development of our planet; earth structure and composition; circulation in the atmosphere and oceans; the evolution of life on Earth; Earth surface processes and environments (e.g. glaciers, rivers and deserts). In addition to learning about the physical, chemical and biological processes responsible for creating and shaping the Earth, you will also consider the unique role that humans play in the Earth system, including our impacts on the land, air and water, and the grand challenges linked to environmental governance, policy and management.

In years 3 and 4, you will deepen your knowledge in specialist areas, while further developing a portfolio of practical and technical skills. The flexible programme structure provides for module choice while retaining coherent curriculum design, thereby ensuring you will be well prepared for entry to the constantly changing job market. Specialist options span the breadth of Geography and Geoscience, allowing you to tailor the course to suit your interests. In this way, you may focus on topics traditionally associated with geography (e.g. geomorphology, globalisation, sustainability) or geology (e.g. volcanology, palaeontology, natural resources), or you may choose to retain a broader, multi-disciplinary perspective that spans the critical interface between science and society.

An important part of your final year of study is the independent research project in which you will undertake an in-depth investigation of a specific topic. This project acts as a catalyst for you to reflect on your learning from the programme as a whole and to demonstrate your ability to think independently, communicate effectively, develop continuously and act responsibly as you transition to the world of work or to postgraduate studies.

My colleagues and I look forward to working with you and hope you will find your time at Trinity enjoyable, challenging and rewarding in equal measure.

Dr Robin Edwards
Director, TR062 Geography and Geoscience
TR062 Geography and Geoscience overview and module selection

Students entering Science must attend the orientation and module registration session on Monday 3rd September before they complete College registration.

TR062: Geography and Geoscience Orientation - Monday 3rd September 2018

The following presentations will take place in M4 lecture theatre, Museum Building.
09.30 - 09.40        Prof Aine Kelly, Associate Dean of Undergraduate Science Education (ADUSE)
09.40 - 09.50        Prof Robin Edwards, Director TR062 Geography and Geoscience

These will be followed by a reception in the Geography Seminar room where students will discuss module choices with an academic advisor and will be provided with the following:

- The TR062 Junior Fresh Programme 2018/19 (first year);
- A module choice form to complete, following advice from an academic advisor.

Students must take 40 core credit modules (20 per semester) as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GSU11001</td>
<td>Spaceship Earth: An introduction to Earth System Science</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSU11002</td>
<td>Introduction to Geology: A Beginner’s Guide to Planet Earth</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSU11003</td>
<td>The Anthropocene: Constructing the Human Planet</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAU11001</td>
<td>Mathematics, Statistics &amp; Computation</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Students will choose approved modules to the value of 20 credits (10 per semester) from the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BYU11101</td>
<td>From Molecules to Cells</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BYU11102</td>
<td>From Organisms to Ecosystems</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHU11101</td>
<td>General and Physical Chemistry</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHU11102</td>
<td>Introduction to Inorganic and Organic Chemistry</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GGU11006</td>
<td>Human Geography: Exploring the Interconnected World</td>
<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td>PYU11F20</td>
<td>Foundation Physics for Life and Earth Scientists</td>
<td>20</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Moderatorships
In the Junior and Senior Fresh years TR062 students complete a course of study which will qualify students to compete for places in the following Moderatorships after the Senior Fresh year:

- Geography
- Geoscience
Semester structure

TR062: GEOGRAPHY AND GEOSCIENCE

CORE MODULES (mandatory) – 20 credits per semester

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SEMESTER 1 – Michaelmas term 10 September 2018 – 30 November 2018</th>
<th>SEMESTER 2 – Hilary Term 21 January 2019-12 April 2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MAU11001: Mathematics, Statistics and Computation</td>
<td>GSU11003: The Anthropocene: Constructing the Human Planet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

APPROVED MODULES (optional): Students choose 10 credits from each semester

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BYU111001: From Molecules to Cells</th>
<th>BYU11102: From Organisms to Ecosystems</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHU11101: General and Physical Chemistry</td>
<td>CHU1102: Introduction to Inorganic and Organic Chemistry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GGU11006: Human Geography – Exploring the Interconnected World</td>
<td>PYU11F20: Foundation Physics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Change of APPROVED modules

If, after a couple of weeks, a student feels that they have perhaps made the wrong choice of approved module, they should seek advice immediately from a Tutor, Course Director or the Science Course Office. It may be possible to change from one module to another within your course, subject to permission from the Associate Dean of Undergraduate Science Education. Once a decision has been made to change modules, it should be done quickly - it can be difficult to try to catch up with work in a new module when more than two or three weeks of lectures have been missed. Change of module forms are available from the Science Course Office.
Faculty of Engineering Mathematics and Science  
TR062: Geography and Geoscience  

Junior Fresh module choice form – September 2018  

Following course presentations in the Museum Building on Monday 3rd September 2018 student are required to submit this form to the Science Course Office by 12 noon on Tuesday 4th September 2018.

BLOCK CAPITALS PLEASE

Name: ___________________________  CAO No: ___________________________

Date: ___________________________  Student No: ___________________________

SECOND LEVEL QUALIFICATIONS  
Please enter below the grades obtained for subjects taken

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUBJECT</th>
<th>Leaving Certificate</th>
<th>A Level</th>
<th>Other (please indicate)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biology</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Physics</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Physics/Chemistry</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Applied Maths</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geography</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Geology</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural Sc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Science Subject</td>
<td>(please indicate)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

PTO
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module Code</th>
<th>Module Title</th>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Tick Box</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GSU11001</td>
<td>Spaceship Earth: An introduction to Earth System Science</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSU11002</td>
<td>Introduction to Geology: A Beginner’s Guide to Planet Earth</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>MANDATORY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSU11003</td>
<td>The Anthropocene: Constructing the Human Planet</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAU11001</td>
<td>Mathematics, Statistics &amp; Computation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Core modules – 20 credits per semester**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module Code</th>
<th>Module Title</th>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Tick Box</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BYU11101</td>
<td>From Molecules to Cells</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BYU11102</td>
<td>From Organisms to Ecosystems</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHU11101</td>
<td>General and Physical Chemistry</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHU11102</td>
<td>Introduction to Inorganic and Organic Chemistry</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GGU11006</td>
<td>Human Geography: Exploring the Interconnected World</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PYU11F20</td>
<td>Foundation Physics</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Approved modules – 10 credits per semester**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module Code</th>
<th>Module Title</th>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Tick Box</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total Credits: 30 per semester (20 core and 10 approved)</td>
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**Signature of advisor:**

**Signature of student:**

**Date:**
GSU11001: Spaceship Earth: An Introduction to Earth System Science
Semester 1 – 10 credits

Contact Hrs: Lectures = 22 hrs; Tutorials (5 x 1hrs); Local field trip 0.5 day [32 hrs total]

Module Co-ordinator: Professor Robin Edwards (robin.edwards@tcd.ie)

Learning Outcomes:
On successful completion of this module you will be able to:

- Outline the fundamental concepts of Earth Systems Science with reference to its major subsystems: Geosphere, Biosphere, Atmosphere, Hydrosphere and Anthroposphere
- Illustrate how material and energy are cycled through the Earth system
- Describe the links between biotic and abiotic systems and their role in maintaining a habitable planet
- Apply an Earth Systems approach to describe the phenomena of environmental and climate change
- Discriminate between ‘weather’ and ‘climate’ and situate concerns about current climate change in a longer-term (geological) context
- Identify how human activities modify Earth System function
- Apply core concepts in geography and geoscience to real-world examples

Learning Aims:
To provide foundation-level knowledge of:

- Fundamental concepts of Earth systems science and the theoretical basis of the ‘systems approach’ in Geography and Geoscience
- Character and scope of Earth’s principal sub-systems: Geosphere, Hydrosphere, Atmosphere, Biosphere and Anthroposphere
- Composition / structure of the solid Earth (Geosphere) and the principal processes / drivers responsible for its formation and evolution
- Composition / structure of atmosphere and ocean, the physical processes / drivers of their circulation, and the nature of coupling between them
- Weather and climate at a global scale including climate change past, present and future
- Biogeochemical cycling and the role of interconnected biotic and abiotic systems in the maintenance of life on Earth
- Ecological and historical biogeography including fundamentals of ecology, evolution and extinction
- Nature and scope of human impacts on the Earth system including the ‘Anthropocene’ concept

To develop the following skills & graduate attributes:

- Digital skills to manipulate and analyse geographical data, including use of Google Earth and Excel
- Self-motivated and reflective approach to independent learning, including completion of assigned reading, activities and formative assessment
- Discuss contemporary issues in geography and geoscience in a small group context
• Conceptual framework that will underpin subsequent specialism in Geography & Geoscience.

Module Outline:
More than 7 billion people now inhabit the Earth and no corner of the planet is unaffected by human activity. The rise of our species has been fuelled by our ability to access planetary storehouses of energy and employ this to manipulate the environments around us. The global-scale of human impacts has led some to suggest we are entering a new era of Earth history - the Anthropocene. Dealing with the effects of environmental and climate change is one of the most significant challenge that our species faces in the 21st century.
This module provides a foundation for understanding global environmental issues by considering the Earth as an interconnected system in which matter and energy are exchanged between the Geosphere, Biosphere, Atmosphere, Hydrosphere and the Anthroposphere. It considers the life-support systems of ‘spaceship Earth’ and aims to provide a theoretical basis for evaluating the role of humans as agents of climate and environmental change.

Recommended Reading List:


Assessment:
100% continuous assessment via in-course tests and assignments.
GSU11002: Introduction to Geology: A Beginner’s Guide to Planet Earth
Semester 2, 10 credits

Contact Hrs: Lectures = 26 hrs; Practicals = 18 hrs; Residential Fieldtrip = 3 days; Local Fieldtrip = 0.5 day

Module Co-ordinator: Professor Christopher Nicholas (NICHOLYJ@tcd.ie)

Learning Outcomes:
On successful completion of this module students will be able to:

- Outline the origin and evolution of planet Earth
- Describe and illustrate the dynamic nature of planet Earth with reference to specific geological processes
- Describe the origins of life on Earth and list the major evolutionary episodes evident in the fossil record
- Explain the links between the evolution of life and environmental conditions on planet Earth
- Outline the geological history of the island of Ireland
- Make basic geological observations, measurements and interpretations in the field and laboratory

Learning Aims:
To provide foundation-level knowledge of:

- Fundamental concepts and principal methods employed in the science of geology
- Planetary origins and evolution of planet Earth
- Rock types, composition, classification and transformation
- Structure of planet Earth and plate tectonic theory
- The distribution and causes of geohazards (volcanoes, earthquakes, tsunamis)
- Fossil evidence of the origins and evolution of life on Earth
- Geological evidence of past environments and climatic conditions
- Economic geology and the nature of geological resources
- Field and laboratory techniques that will be employed in Geography & Geoscience

To develop the following skills & graduate attributes:

- Written and digital / analytical skills
- Critical thinking
- Effective work as part of a team
- Conceptual framework that will underpin subsequent specialism in Geography & Geoscience

Module Content:
From the vastness of space, to the microscopic crystal structure of minerals; from events which take billions of years, like galaxy formation, to volcanic eruptions which may last only minutes or seconds. Geology, or Earth Science, is the all-encompassing study of Planet Earth. Geology sets out to investigate the origin and development of the planet, the natural principles that govern it, the processes that act in it, on it, and around it, and finally the life that has evolved with it. Many sciences are conducted in the laboratory, but to a geologist, the Earth itself is the laboratory.

The module is organised into two main themes. Firstly, we will look at ‘Earth In Space’. We live on a dynamic and ever-changing planet, where the surface is constantly being destroyed and renewed. This theme looks at the origin of the Earth, what it’s made of and the processes at work, inside and
out, which drive this change. The second theme, ‘Earth In Time’, then focuses on the evolution of the planet over time, and the life that has evolved with it. Earth has been around for just over 4,500,000,000 years, and remarkably, we have evidence that life has existed for at least 3,800,000,000 of those years. There are times in Earth’s history when geological events have changed the course of biological evolution. And, perhaps more intriguingly, there are times when life has changed the way the planet operates. So, this theme of Earth and Life evolving together through geological time is illustrated by looking at eight key episodes in Earth’s history, without which, we simply wouldn’t be here.

Recommended Reading List:

Assessment:
50% Theory Exam; 50% in-course assessment.
 GSU11003: The Anthropocene: Constructing the Human Planet – Semester 2, 10 credits
 Contact Hrs: Lectures & Seminars = 23 hrs

 Module Co-ordinator: Professor Patrick Bresnihan and Professor Federico Cugurullo

 Learning Outcomes:
 On successful completion of this module you will be able to:

 - Understand and explain the scientific and cultural significance of the Anthropocene;
 - Critically engage with key debates over the Anthropocene that span the natural sciences, social sciences, arts and humanities;
 - Identify the major ethical and political questions facing humanity in a time of ecological uncertainty and environmental degradation;
 - Connect the Anthropocene with current events and everyday life, particularly as relates to urban sustainability.

 Learning Aims:

 - Develop core reading skills and capacity to synthesize and build arguments through involvement in small-class seminars;
 - Develop core writing skills through academic and creative writing assignments.

 Module Content: Outline:
 The “Anthropocene” is a term that has become widely used since Nobel Prize Laureate Paul Crutzen and Eugene Stoermer began popularizing it in 2000. They argued that humans had so dramatically transformed the planet that it was time to pronounce a new geological epoch: the Anthropocene—or, “the human age.”

 Whether the Anthropocene is officially accepted as the designation of a new geological epoch or not, the term has sparked debates and discussions across the natural sciences, social sciences, arts and humanities. The multi-disciplinary interest in the Anthropocene demonstrates that the term is more than simply a geological or physical phenomenon; it has complex social, cultural, political, and economic dimensions.

 From plastic-filled oceans to species extinction, there is little doubt that human activities are making their mark on the planet. The challenge is to develop more critical, trans-disciplinary understandings of how this situation has arisen and how we might learn to live better on a damaged planet. This module sets out to meet this challenge by engaging ideas and perspectives from the natural sciences, social sciences, arts and humanities, students will learn to describe and understand environmental change from multiple perspectives.

 Recommended Reading List:


Assessment:
100% continuous assessment.
Module learning aim:
The students should be enabled to use maths and statistics as tools to solve problems in their scientific discipline, like finding maxima or minima of functions, solving (matrix) difference equations and performing a basic statistical analysis of a data set, aided by the computer language R. When using R and predefined R-functions, students should be in the position to understand the underlying principles, for example how confidence intervals are obtained from integrals of probability density functions, or how linear regression relies on solving systems of linear equations. The relevant sciences will help these aims by emphasising the role of mathematical and statistical methods in the context of their respective disciplines.

Module learning outcome
On successful completion of this module, students will be able to:

- use graphs of functions in the context of derivatives and integrals
- compute derivatives and equations of tangent lines for graphs of standard functions including rational functions, roots, trigonometric, exponential and logs and compositions of them;
- find indefinite and definite integrals including the use of substitution and integration by parts;
- solve simple maximisation/minimisation problems using the first derivative test and other applications including problems based on population dynamics and radioactive decay;
- select the correct method from those covered in the module to solve wordy calculus problems, including problems based on population dynamics and radioactive decay;
- algebracially manipulate matrices by addition and multiplication and use Leslie matrices to determine population growth;
- solve systems of linear equations by Gauss-Jordan elimination;
- calculate the determinant of a matrix and understand its connection to the existence of a matrix inverse; use Gauss-Jordan elimination to determine a matrix inverse;
- determine the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a matrix
- determine the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a matrix and link these quantities to population dynamics;
- Understand the basic ideas of descriptive statistics, types of variables and measures of central tendency and spread.
- Appreciate basic principles of counting to motivate an intuitive definition of probability and appreciate its axioms in a life science context.
- Understand common discrete and continuous distributions and how these naturally arise in life science examples.
- Understand how to take information from a data set in order to make inference about the population, appreciating the core ideas of sampling distributions, confidence intervals and the logic of hypothesis testing.
- Have a basic understanding of the statistical software R including importing and exporting data, basic manipulation, analysing and graphing (visualisation) of data, loading and installing package extensions, and how to use help files and on-line resources to solve error queries or to achieve more niche capabilities.
Module content

The module is divided into a maths and a statistics part, with maths further divided into calculus and linear algebra/discrete mathematics.

**Mathematics:**

a) Calculus:

3 lectures plus one tutorial per week. The syllabus is largely based on the text book [Stewart-Day], and will cover most of Chapters 1-6 along with the beginning of Chapter 7 on differential equations:

- Functions and graphs. Lines, polynomials, rational functions, exponential and logarithmic functions, trigonometric functions and the unit circle.
- Limits, continuity, average rate of change, first principles definition of derivative, basic rules for differentiation
- Graphical interpretation of derivatives, optimization problems
- Exponential and log functions. Growth and decay applications. semilog and log-log plots.
- Integration (definite and indefinite). Techniques of substitution and integration by parts. Applications.
- Differential equations and initial value problems, solving first order linear equations. Applications in biology or ecology.

b) Linear algebra/discrete mathematics:

1 lecture and 1 tutorial per week. The syllabus will cover parts of chapter 1 on sequences, limits of sequences and difference equations and then chapter 8 of [Stewart-Day] on linear algebra.

The syllabus is approximately:

- Sequences, limits of sequences, difference equations, discrete time models
- Vectors and matrices, matrix algebra
- Inverse matrices, determinants
- Systems of difference equations, systems of linear equations, eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Leslie matrices, matrix models

**Statistics:**

There will be 1 lecture per week and 1 computer practical. The syllabus will cover much of chapters 11-13 of [Stewart-Day] and use [Bekerman-et-al] as main reference for R in the computer practicals.

The syllabus is approximately:

- Numerical and Graphical Descriptions of Data
- Relationships and linear regression
- Populations, Samples and Inference
- Probability, Conditional Probability and Bayes’ Rule
- Discrete and Continuous Random Variables
- The Sampling Distribution
- Confidence Intervals
- Hypothesis Testing
Recommended reading lists:

Methods of Teaching and Student Learning
11 weeks; 8 hours per week, including 5 lectures, 2 tutorials and 1 computer practical.
- 1 or 2 lecturers from the school of mathematics
- 1 lecturer from the department of statistics
- teaching assistants/demonstrators for tutorial groups and practicals
4 lectures + 2 tutorials per week will be covered by the school of maths;
1 lecture + 1 computer practical per week will be covered by the department of statistics

Methods of Assessment
- 70 percent of the mark will come from the maths component with 50 percent from a 2 hour end of semester exam and 20 percent based on continuous assessment (tutorials)
- 30 percent of the mark will come from the statistics component, consisting of group assessment (1-3 students working together on a data analysis project during the last weeks of teaching term)
- Supplementals, if required, will consist of a 2 hour exam for the maths component which contributes 70 percent of the mark and another data analysis project (of the same format as during teaching term) for the statistics component

Mathematics Course Director:
Professor Stefan Sint
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E-mail: mathdep@maths.tcd.ie
Phone: 01 896 1949
TR062: Geography and Geoscience – APPROVED modules

BYU11101: From Molecules to Cells  
Semester 1, 10 credits

Module learning aim:

This module aims to provide an introduction to molecular and cellular biology, and will therefore include key topics in Cell Biology, Biochemistry, Genetics, and Microbiology. A description of the possible origin of life, from the abiotic world to single-celled and multicellular organisms will be given, and the ultrastructure of the prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells will be covered in detail. The properties and functions of the major classes of biochemicals found in living systems (carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids) will be described, the structure and function of membranes and organelles, and the chemical basis of metabolism and energy transfer in the cell. Students will then be introduced to basic concepts in Genetics, how the information contained in DNA (genes) is expressed, replicated and inherited. Finally, the sheer diversity of life forms, from viruses to prokaryotic and eukaryotic microorganisms, to more complex plant and animal life forms will be described. Students will also study cell and virus structure, cell growth and viral replication, agents of infectious diseases, and host immunity.

Learning outcomes:

On successful completion of the module, students will be able to:
1. Provide an account of the cellular basis of life: from its origins in the abiotic world, to the evolution of unicellular and multicellular organisms.
2. Describe the diversity of life forms: including viruses, Prokaryotes (bacteria), Archaea, and Eukaryotes (unicellular organisms, animals and plants).
3. Provide an account of the chemical basis of life and the biochemistry on which living systems depend: the properties and functions of the major classes of biomolecules, the structure and function of membranes and organelles, and the chemical basis of metabolism and energy transfer.
4. Describe how the information contained in DNA (genes) directs the construction and growth of an organism, and how this information is replicated and transmitted from one generation to the next (inheritance; genetics).
5. Employ a range of laboratory techniques, demonstrating the development of practical scientific skills, knowledge of experimental design and the interpretation of results.
6. Apply the scientific method as a fundamental approach to experiment-based investigations, critical analysis of data, and problem solving.
Module content:

**Lectures**  
**Lecture 1**  
*Module: Introduction, objectives and overview.*  
*Module Coordinator* (Professor Tony Kavanagh)

**SECTION 1**  
*Origin of Life - Cellular basis of life - Diversity of Life Forms (11 lectures)*

**Lecture 2 & 3: Origin of Life** (Professor Luke O’Neill)  
- What is Life? How did it arise?  
- The Origin of Life from a chemical and cellular perspective. The abiotic world.  
- The prebiotic world. Miller-Urey experiment. The first cell.  

**Lecture 4 – 6: Cellular basis of life** (Professor Fred Sheedy)  
- Cell structure – Prokaryotes, Archaea, Eukaryotes - Animal and Plant  
- Organelles & their prokaryotic origin – Mitochondria, Chloroplasts  
- Mitosis and Meiosis – Cell division – Regulation of cell division (introduction)

**Lecture 7 – 12: Diversity of Microbial Life** (Professor Alastair Fleming)  
- The Tree of Life (Professor Alastair Fleming)

**Lecture 8: Bacteria** (Professor Alastair Fleming)  
- Cell structure, morphology, function and habitat.

**Lecture 9: Fungi & Protists** (Professor Alastair Fleming)  
- Fungal cell structure, morphology, function and habitat.  
- Protist cell structure, morphology, habitat and life-cycles: extreme cell diversity.

**Lecture 10: The Archaea** (Professor Alastair Fleming)  
- A third way of life; features of both prokaryotes and eukaryotes: cell structure, morphology and function. Extremophiles.

**Lecture 11: Viruses** (Professor Alastair Fleming)  
- Alive? Structure, function and habitat.

**Lecture 12 – Relationship between life forms:** (Professor Alastair Fleming)  
- The good, the bad and the ugly. Concepts of Symbiosis and Parasites. Plant and animal diseases.

**Lecture 13**  
*Summary of key concepts: Q&A Profs. LO’N, FS, AF*

**ONLINE ASSESSMENT OF SECTION 1 via MCQ**

**SECTION 2**  
*Chemistry of Life (11 lectures)*

**Lecture 14: Introduction to biochemistry:**  
*Structural principles for small molecules* (Professor Luke O’Neill)  
- Elements and chemical groups commonly found in Nature  
- Asymmetry: right and left-handed molecules etc.  
- Typical forces between molecules and chemical groups in nature  
- Four basic classes of Biomolecules: Amino acids, Nucleotides, Carbohydrates & Lipids

**Lecture 15: Nucleotides, Amino acids and peptides** (Professor Luke O’Neill)  
- Classes of nucleic acids (DNA, RNA), Chromatin and chromosome structure, Properties of amino acids: chemical features and physical properties of the R-groups.  
- The peptide unit and peptide bond  
- Introduction to polypeptides & concept of folding
**Lecture 16: Proteins and protein structure** (Professor Luke O’Neill)
- Concept that shape dictates function
- Hierarchical organization of protein structure: concept of primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure.
- Introduction to forces that stabilize protein structure

**Lecture 17: Protein function** (Professor Luke O’Neill)
- Major functional classes of protein
- Introduction to bioinformatics: Proteins and evolution; relationships between proteins: similarity and identity.

**Lecture 18, 19: Enzymes: the catalysts of life** (Professor Vincent Kelly)
- Enzyme structure & function
- Enzyme reaction mechanism (co-factors and vitamins)
- Enzyme kinetics
- Regulation of enzyme activity

**Lecture 20: Lipids and membranes** (Professor Vincent Kelly)
- Lipid structures: fatty acids, phospholipids etc.
- Membranes: chemical and physical properties
- Membrane proteins
- Transport across membranes
- Concept of compartmentation and membrane traffic

**Lecture 21, 22: Metabolism & major metabolic pathways** (Professor Vincent Kelly)
- The starting point: introduction to carbohydrates and fatty acids
- Organization, energetic principles, key steps and links between the main metabolic pathways.
- Glycolysis, TCA cycle, beta oxidation
- Outline of the reversing catabolic pathways: gluconeogenesis and fatty acids synthesis.

**Lecture 23: Mitochondria & Respiration** (Professor Vincent Kelly)
- Mitochondria, redox reactions and energy transduction
- Electron transport and the electron transport chain
- Oxidative phosphorylation
- Coupling of oxidation to phosphorylation: chemiosmotic view of energy transduction (in brief).

**Lecture 24: Chloroplasts and Photosynthesis** (Professor Vincent Kelly)
- Chloroplasts: architecture and function
- Overview of the light and dark reactions of photosynthesis

**Lecture 25**
**Summary of key concepts: Q&A Profs. LO’N, VK**

**ONLINE ASSESSMENT OF SECTION 2 via MCQ**

**SECTION 3**

**Biological Information: Genetics, Heredity and DNA** (11 lectures)

**Lecture 26: Introduction to Genetics** (Professor Jane Farrar)
- Introduction to the course content: An outline of some core concepts from classical genetics to the present will be presented. A whistle stop tour of key discoveries in the history of genetics.

**Lecture 27: Mendelian Genetics** (Professor Jane Farrar)
- Mendel’s laws: the 1st law of segregation and the 2nd law of independent assortment using monohybrid and dihybrid crosses; concepts relating to genetic analysis and the use of model systems will be described. Inheritance patterns for single gene disorders will be presented - pedigree analysis.

**Lecture 28 and 29: Linkage and recombination** (Professor Jane Farrar)
- Meiosis and the role of ‘crossing over’ in gene mapping (meiosis covered in detail elsewhere). A brief recap regarding Mendelian genetics – for example, highlighting that genetic linkage breaks Mendel’s 2nd law of independent assortment (refer back to L27).
- Outline of key concepts underlying the generation of genetic maps. Reference will be made to some classical work by Sturtevant and Morgan.

**Lecture 30: Identification of DNA as hereditary material** (Professor Jane Farrar)
- Key experiments establishing DNA as the genetic material; bacterial transformation and its significance (Griffith / Avery, McLeod & McCarthy / Hershey-Chase); the concept of horizontal gene transfer (mechanisms transformation, conjugation, transduction). Differences in vertical and horizontal gene transfer.

**Lecture 31: Quantitative Genetics** (Professor Jane Farrar)
- An overview of some concepts relating to discrete variation versus continuous variation. Experiments demonstrating that quantitative traits are inherited.
- Examples of some quantitative traits in humans. Concepts regarding the use of GWAS to elucidate the genetics architecture of complex traits using an example of one or more disorders.

**Lecture 32: DNA, Structure and Function** (Professor Tony Kavanagh)
- The double helix - discovery of the structure of DNA – DNA composition - DNA replication semi-conservative replication, replication forks, leading and lagging strand synthesis, DNA polymerases.
- DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.

**Lecture 33 - 35: Information flow in the cell - The Central Dogma** (Professor Tony Kavanagh).
- Transcription, RNA Polymerases in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.
- Promoters, repressors, terminators – the lac operon; transcription factors, enhancers.
- Decoding the information in mRNA
- Translation (Protein synthesis).
- Ribosomes in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, tRNAs and aminoacyl tRNA synthetases, the genetic code; translation;
- Introduction to the regulation of gene expression – positive and negative regulation

**Lecture 36: DNA –Mutation and its consequences** (Professor Tony Kavanagh)
- Mechanisms by which mutations are generated.
- The different types of mutation (missense, nonsense, frameshift mutations) and their molecular consequences in relation to gene expression and protein function. Mutations causing inherited diseases and cancer.
- DNA repair – mechanisms of DNA repair; repair deficiency and disease.

**Lecture 37**  
**Summary of key concepts: Q&A Profs. GJF, TK**

**ONLINE ASSESSMENT OF SECTION 3 via MCQ**

**Lecture 38**  
**Module: overview and objectives.**  
**Module Coordinator** (Professor Tony Kavanagh)
Recommended reading lists:
(1) Campbell Biology, 11th Edition By Lisa A. Urry, Michael L. Cain, Steven A. Wasserman, Peter V. Minorsky, Jane B. Reece (Published by Pearson (2018))

Contact Hours/Methods of Teaching and Student learning.
65 hours consisting of a mixture of lectures, tutorials and hands-on laboratory practicals. The practical sessions are formatted in order to further clarify concepts thus reinforcing learning. A tutorial problem solving activities provides an additional opportunity for the lecturer to assess understanding and gauge the knowledge level of the students.

Method of assessment

**Continuous assessment 50%**
- Laboratory practical assessment: 35%
- Online Assessment via multiple choice questions (MCQ) 15%: there will be three MCQ online assessments, each worth 5%

**Written Examination 50%**
One written examination paper of 1.5 hour duration. –
There will be three sections on the examination paper:
- Section 1 will have 2 questions on Section 1 of the module (Origin of Life) you are required to answer 1 question from this section
- Section 2 will have 2 questions on Section 2 of the module (Chemistry of Life) you are required to answer 1 question from this section
- Section 3 will have 2 questions on Section 3 of the module (Biological Information) you are required to answer 1 question from this section
- All questions carry equal marks

Module coordinator - BYU11101 From Molecules to Cells
Professor Tony Kavanagh Ph: 01 896 1035
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Executive Officer E-mail: BTC.Administrator@tcd.ie
Ms Diane Touzel Phone: 01 896 1117
Module learning aim

The Organisms to Ecosystems module aims to introduce students to the biology of individuals, species, populations and ecosystems, and explore how humans interact with other living organisms. It will cover the developmental biology of organisms, their physiology, brain function and the evolutionary and ecological responses of organisms to their environment. Topics incorporate the diversity of life and its biological development, interactions between organisms and their environment, the biological context of climate change, human impacts on the environment, future food sustainability, urban ecology, ecosystem services and the value and conservation of biodiversity. Topics are arranged in three sections: 1) Multicellularity and Development, Physiology, Behaviour and Neuroscience, 2) Evolution: Adaptation, Populations and Biodiversity, and 3) Ecology and Environment.
A mixture of lectures, tutorials and hands-on laboratory practicals are used in the delivery of this module. There will be one - ecology practical - on a field site outside of campus. Essay writing skills are developed through tutorial sessions.

Learning outcomes

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

1. Outline the major steps involved in how complex animal and plants are formed and be able to relate the morphological changes that occur to the molecular and cellular changes that underlie and drive embryo and organ development
2. Describe the concept of homeostasis at the cell, organ and organism level; give examples of the functional interrelationships that exist between cells, organs and systems; provide an account of how organisms can sense change in the environment
3. Describe the basic principles by which the brain functions and outline key experimental steps and informative clinical cases that have elucidated our current understanding of brain function.
4. Recognise the diversity of life on earth and describe how it evolved over geological time scales
5. Describe the ecological relationships between individuals, populations, communities and ecosystems, and between organisms and their environment
6. Recognise how humans can positively and negatively influence other living organisms and their environment and understand the value of other living organisms for humans
7. Demonstrate practical, numerical and analytical skills
8. Collate, synthesise, organise and present information in written reports
**Module content:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lectures</th>
<th>Topic and Content</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lecture 1</strong></td>
<td><strong>Module: Introduction, objectives and overview.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Section 1A</strong></td>
<td><strong>Multicellularity and Development</strong> (Professor Rebecca Rolfe) (5 Lectures)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lecture 2 - Introduction to development</td>
<td>- core concepts / model organisms / analysis of development (morphology, genetic, biochemical)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lecture 3 - Embryogenesis and morphogenesis</td>
<td>- germ layers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lecture 4 - Intercellular communication, determination, potency, axis formation</td>
<td>- anterior-posterior, dorsal-ventral.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lecture 5 - Pattern formation</td>
<td>- morphogens, gradients and thresholds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lecture 6 - Differential gene expression</strong></td>
<td>- temporal and spatial, master regulators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Section 1B</strong></td>
<td><strong>Physiology and Neuroscience</strong> (Professor Áine Kelly and Professor Tomas Ryan) (6 Lectures)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lecture 7 - Form and Function</td>
<td>(Professor Áine Kelly)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Functional characteristics of living things</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Specialisation of cells/tissues/organs to fulfill specific functions</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lecture 8 - Homeostasis</td>
<td>(Professor Áine Kelly)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- The concept of the internal environment. Composition, temperature, pH etc. of body fluids. Maintenance of homeostasis by cooperation of different physiological systems. Feedback and feed-forward</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lecture 9 - Physiological regulation of function</td>
<td>(Professor Áine Kelly)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Fundamentals of nervous and endocrine control of function and comparison of speed and modes of action. How an individual organism senses and responds to changes in the external and internal environments.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Behaviour and Neuroscience</strong> (Professor Tomas Ryan)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lecture 10 - Pre-neuroscience history of mind/brain ideas</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Cartesian dualism and materialist and non-materialist explanations of mind. The brain as the substrate of mind. The effects of head trauma on behaviour and memory, anatomy of the human/mammalian brain, functions in behaviour and in homeostasis, overview of human brain regions and attribution of various regions to broad functions (evidence from lesions, imaging).</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lecture 11 - Fundamentals of nervous system structure and function</td>
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<td>- Reticular vs. neuron theory, nervous system as electrically active, Helmholtz and excitable neurons, action potentials &amp; synaptic transmission.</td>
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<td>Lecture 12 - Introduction to the biology of memory storage</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Challenges of integrating neurobiology and brain function at multiple levels. Reductionism and correlation vs. causation. The biology of memory storage.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Lecture 13</strong></td>
<td><strong>Summary of key concepts: Q&amp;A Profs. Rolfe, Kelly and Ryan</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Online Assessment on Sections 1A and 1B via MCQ</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Section 2</strong></td>
<td><strong>Evolution: adaptation, populations, biodiversity</strong> (Professor Trevor Hodkinson) (11 Lectures)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lecture 14 - Short history of life</td>
<td>- timeline, major groups, diversity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Lecture 15 - Selection/modern synthesis
- adaptation

Lecture 16 - Species
- Definitions, taxonomy, diversity, species rich groups

Lecture 17 - Speciation
- allopatric, sympatric, adaptation, radiations, key innovations

Lecture 18 – Extinction
- fossils, global change (climate, atmosphere, tectonic)

Lecture 19 - Phylogeny, homology, convergence, reversals, methods

Lecture 20 - Genetic basis of selection (Professor Aoife McLysaght)

Lecture 21 - Genetic basis of evolution
- Molecular variation, neutral theory, drift

Lecture 22 - Genetic basis of evolution
- Molecular evolution of population genetic variation

Lecture 23 - Genetic basis of evolution
- Population genetic variations

Lecture 24 - Human evolution

Lecture 25 - Summary of key concepts: Q&A Profs. Hodkinson & McLysaght

ONLINE ASSESSMENT ON SECTION 2 via MCQ

SECTION 3
Ecology and Environment (Professor Jennifer McElwain & Professor Yvonne Buckley)
(11 Lectures)

Global ecology (Professor Jennifer McElwain)

Lecture 26 - Global ecology and climate change
- Future climate change – global challenges – projections
- Pest diseases, human physiology, how to predict
- Need to understand fundamentals of ecology to address these global challenges

Lecture 27 - Biomes, niches
- Introduction to biomes, what shapes biome distribution? climate change
- concepts – climate niches / fundamental versus realized niche
- challenge of predicting future ecological responses to climate change

Populations to communities: challenges & solutions (Professor Yvonne Buckley)

Lecture 28 - Commonness, rarity and population processes (Professor Yvonne Buckley)
- Extinction or persistence are processes that operate at the population level.
- Introduction to concepts of abundance and rarity, competition, dispersal, demography and its application to conservation (incl. endemism and invasions)

Lecture 29 - Conservation
- applications of population biology at the species level, including prioritizing species for conservation management, assessing threat and red listing

Lecture 30 - Trophic cascades and rewilding
- What is a community, energy flow, applications of community ecology to conservation and rewilding challenges. Consumption, facilitation & predation

Lecture 31 - Constructing ecosystems and conservation
- In the Anthropocene humans have constructed new ecosystems, what are they, where do we find them and what are their values? Contrast with “natural” ecosystems
Lecture 32 - Urban ecology
- how have organisms adapted to living in urban environments? How can we better design our cities and buildings to gain more value from nature and support biodiversity?

Lecture 33 - Ecosystem services and natural capital
- Nature provides many valuable ecosystem services supported by natural capital
- Introduction to the concepts and controversies surrounding the ecosystem services and natural capital concepts

Food and feedbacks (Professor Jennifer McElwain)

Lecture 34 - Food: environmental impacts and ecological process
- Food security- ecological concepts- productivity- energy flows through ecological systems/basic concepts of biogeochemical cycles.

Lecture 35 - Future food and a changing planet
- Food security
- Ecological concepts, human population increase, projections for future productivity.

Lecture 36 - Biosphere feedbacks on climate system
- Introduction to biological feedbacks on the climate system: at global level
- Carbon sequestration/ transpiration/ water budget, within biomes
- Fire feedbacks/rain seeding. Nature based solutions to climate mitigation and adaptation
- Green and blue solutions – cities etc., ‘The Martian’ closed systems

Lecture 37 - Summary of key concepts: Q&A Profs. Buckley & McElwain

Lecture 38 - Module: Overview and integration of all concepts
Module Coordinator - Trevor Hodkinson

Recommended reading lists:
(1) Campbell Biology, 11th Edition By Lisa A. Urry, Michael L. Cain, Steven A. Wasserman, Peter V. Minorsky, Jane B. Reece (Published by Pearson (2018))

Contact Hours/Methods of Teaching and Student learning.
65 hours consisting of a mixture of lectures, tutorials and hands-on laboratory practicals. The practical sessions are formatted in order to further clarify concepts thus reinforcing learning. A tutorial problem solving activities provides an additional opportunity for the lecturer to assess understanding and gauge the knowledge level of the students.

Method of assessment

Continuous assessment 50%
- Laboratory practical assessment: 35%
- Online Assessment via multiple choice questions (MCQ) 15%: there will be three MCQ online assessments, each worth 5%

Written Examination 50%
One written examination paper of 1.5 hour duration
There will be three sections on the examination paper:
- Section 1 will have 2 questions on Sections 1A and 1B of the module (Multicellularity and Development; and Physiology and Neuroscience) you are required to answer 1 question from this section
• Section 2 will have 2 questions on Section 2 of the module (Evolution: adaptation, populations, biodiversity) you are required to answer 1 question from this section
• Section 3 will have 2 questions on Section 3 of the module (Ecology and Environment) you are required to answer 1 question from this section
• All questions carry equal marks

Contacts:

Module coordinator - BYU11102 From Organisms to Ecosystems
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Executive Officer E-mail: BTC.Administrator@tcd.ie
Ms Diane Touzel Phone: 01 896 1117
CHU11101: General and Physical Chemistry  
Semester 1, 10 credits

Rationale and Aims:
To provide a general introduction to chemistry and physical chemistry and equip the student with the knowledge to understand the basic concepts in chemistry, understanding of the building principles of matter, chemical bonding and molecular structure, an introduction to thermodynamics, electrochemistry, acid/base reactions and to the chemistry of liquids, solids and solutions.

Learning outcomes
• Explain, using appropriate terminology and physical units, basic concepts in chemistry, including precipitation and redox reactions.
• Analyse bonding and molecular structure
• Apply the ideal gas law to calculations of gas properties
• Describe the principles underpinning the kinetic theory of gases
• Analyse and identify the main types of intermolecular forces
• Identify and explain the principal features of the phase diagrams of pure compounds, including pressure dependence of melting and boiling points, triple point and critical point, and variation of vapour pressure with temperature.
• Calculate chemical equilibria and illustrate the key concepts, including variation of components with concentration, temperature and pressure
• Discuss simple acid/base chemistry and apply to solution equilibria
• Illustrate the basic concepts of an electrochemical cell, including half-cell reactions, cell potential and reaction free energy and be able to determine these properties as well as concentration dependence
• Describe the main classes of the solid-state structure; cubic- and hexagonal close packing; body-centred and face-centred cubic structures: NaCl and CsCl. Octahedral and tetrahedral holes, coordination numbers, the Born-Haber cycle, lattice energy
• Identify, describe and analyse the factors affecting solubility.
• Define and explain colligative properties, including Raoult’s Law and the calculation of molecular weights
• Understand and apply the concepts underlying the First and Second Laws of Thermodynamics to numerical problems

Assessment details:
This module will be examined via a combination of in-course assessments (25% of the final mark) and a 3 h paper at the end of semester 1 (75% of the final mark).
CHU11102: Introduction to Inorganic and Organic Chemistry
Semester 2, 10 credits

Rationale and Aims:
The first part of this module introduces the student to the structure, bonding and reactivity of simple functional groups in organic chemistry. The emphasis is on understanding reaction mechanisms, in terms of the inherent reactivity and polarisation of the two reaction components, which allows the mechanism to be understood, and also facilitates the student to spot patterns and similarities between different reaction mechanisms, which makes learning easier. The second part of this module covers inorganic chemistry, with emphasis on understanding and explaining the similarities and differences that arise in the properties of elements in the periodic table.

Learning outcomes
• Identify and explain bonding, hybridisation and mechanisms.
• Describe and explain the chemistry of functional groups (alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, aromatics, alkylhalides, alcohol, aldehydes, ketones and amines) and their applications.
• Analyse and discriminate between mechanisms in terms of the inherent reactivity/polarisation etc. of the two reaction components.
• Identify and classify chiral centres in organic molecules.
• Describe the chemical and physical properties of elements as a function of their position in the periodic table.
• Determine and explain the origin of the trends within groups and across periods of the properties of elements in the periodic table.
• Describe the typical structures of some common compounds of the main group elements.
• Classify elements as metallic/metalloid/non-metallic and contrast their characteristic properties.
• Explain the practical and industrial uses of key elements and compounds, and relate these to their properties.

Module Prerequisite:
CHU11101 General and Physical Chemistry (First Semester)

Assessment details:
This module will be examined via a combination of in-course assessments (25% of the final mark) and a 3 h paper at the end of semester 2 (75% of the final mark).

Course Director:
Professor Paula Colavita
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Phone: 01 896 3562

Coordinator Fresh Teaching
Dr Noelle Scully
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Phone: 01 896 1972

Senior Executive Officer
Ms AnneMarie Farrell
E-mail: farrea25@tcd.ie
Phone: 01 896 1726
Foundation Physics for the Life and Earth Sciences is a foundation module (10 credits) in physics. It is available as an approved 10 credit module for TR060 and TR062 students, all of whom are taking Maths, Stats, & Computation (10 credits); as well as for TR061 students (if not taking Physics 1 or Physics 2) who take both Mathematics 1 (10 credits) and Mathematics 2 (10 credits). It is available in both semesters for TR060 students, (but cannot be taken twice); it is only available in semester 2 for TR061 and TR062 students.

Module Content: This foundation module comprises lectures, practical work and tutorials, providing an introduction to: physics of motion, biomechanics, physics of hearing and seeing, electricity, magnetism and bioelectricity, radioactivity, nuclear physics and related medical applications, heat, pressure, as well as fluids and their biological, geological and medical applications.

Module Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students should be able to:

- Demonstrate the application of Classical Physics within the biomedical and earth sciences
- Connect the study of wave phenomena and electromagnetism with ultrasound diagnostics and vision
- Relate basic knowledge of atomic and nuclear physics to radiation diagnostics and therapy, and to geological applications
- Prepare a brief report, including error analysis, on a simple physical experiment
- Through homework: (i) identify the appropriate concepts, principles, and relations that apply to the problem; (ii) provide a reasonable and appropriate explanation of why they apply; and (iii) solve physics problems at a foundation level.

Module Structure:
Contact Hours: 42 lectures/tutorials, three-hour practical laboratories, online homework.

Module Personnel: Lecturers: Prof. Lewys Jones; Prof. Martin Hegner; Prof. Matthias Möbius

Summary of Laboratory Practicals: In the Foundation Physics for Earth and Life Sciences students complete a minimum of three of the available bench experiments in the semester. The emphasis in the laboratory practical is on learning to make physical measurements, record keeping in laboratory notebooks and estimating uncertainties in measurements, while using these estimates in analysing data in order to make a quantitative measurement of a physics property. Differing students will attempt a differing set of experiments from those available. There may also be differing availability of experiments on the bench in both semesters. Students are required to record all data and information related to experiments in a hardback practical laboratory notebook which is assessed.

Laboratory Practicals: Experiments are selected from among but are not limited to: Pendulum, Thin Lenses, Density and the Principle of Archimedes, Surface Tension, Electrical Resistance, Collisions and Momentum Transfer, Resonance Tube, Leslie’s Cube, Geiger Counter, and Photoelectric Effect among others.

Assessment of the laboratory: Student’s experiments are assessed through both at-the-bench laboratory notebook assessment and through submission of written experimental reports. These must include and require a complete data analysis, description and concise report of the
outcomes of the experiment, and any inferences or conclusions that can be drawn from the outcome.

Reading List: Required reading: "Physics for the Life Sciences" - Authors: M. Zinke-Allmang et al - It is a requirement that students purchase the mandatory e-textbook which includes student access to online homework assignments.

Online Assignments: Online assignments are submitted through the Cengage system where electronic access is associated with the required text book.
https://www.cengagebrain.co.uk/shop/index.html

Methods of Teaching and Student Learning:
A mixture of lectures, hands-on laboratory practicals, lecture demonstrations and weekly on-line assignments based on both numerical and conceptual questions from the textbook are used in the delivery of this module. The lecture course follows the material in the textbook very closely with reading assignments clearly indicated to students as the lecture course progresses.

The practical sessions are structured to provide a firm introduction to the process of physical measurements, as well as an introduction to estimations of uncertainty (error) and propagation of errors as applied to physics experiments. Each experiment has its own specific learning outcomes and is structured in order to further clarify concepts met in the textbook and lectures thus reinforcing learning.

Weekly homework assignments, typically alternating between topics, are submitted by students through an online system and corrected, with some limited feedback to the student available through the online system post deadline. The lecturer has oversight of the scores and responses to each assignment and can address these in subsequent lectures and tutorials. Finally, a number of lecturers use class based polling of student responses to questions using the available “clicker” technologies.

Methods of Assessment:
Assessment is by a combination of examination and continuous assessment and will include multiple choice tests (MCQs) examination paper; laboratory practical work; and online tutorial homework assignments.

Module website: See links at: http://www.tcd.ie/Physics/study/current/undergraduate/
Foundation Physics Course Coordinator:
Prof. Lewys Jones
E-mail: Lewys.Jones@tcd.ie
Phone: 01 896 4171

Junior Fresh Physics Coordinator:
Prof. Matthias Möbius
E-mail: mobiüm@tcd.ie

General Enquiries:
E-mail: Physics@tcd.ie
Phone: 01 896 1675

Senior Executive Officer:
Ms Una Dowling
E-mail: dowlingu@tcd.ie
Learning Outcomes:

- Describe the evolution of the discipline with respect to the philosophical bases which have contributed to its development, the range and changing character of methodological approaches and the foci of geographical enquiry;
- Demonstrate a knowledge of contemporary approaches to the study of human geography;
- Display an ability to use an approach to “thinking geographically” to analyse current events;
- To develop an ability to identify and engage critically with relevant debates within human geography through an in-depth analysis of relevant literature.
- Identify how urbanisation occurs, why urbanisation is a global phenomenon and recognise the forces underlying the growth of urban settlements;
- Describe the impact of urbanisation on different parts of the world;
- Apply approaches in urban geography to analyse key urban problems and challenges.

Module Outline:

This module will provide students with an introduction to key topics, concepts, and approaches in human geography. The overarching theme of the module is exploring the interconnected world, which will entail two interrelated components: exploring how globalisation has produced interdependencies between different parts of the world, and understanding how geographers have both shaped the world and our understandings of it. The module will include a mixture of lecture and tutorial classes. The lectures will provide students with an insight into what it means to “think geographically” about contemporary and historical world challenges. It will focus, in particular, on how understanding the development of the discipline of Geography, its philosophical bases and methodological practices can illuminate crucial contemporary challenges such as migration and urbanisation. The tutorials will expand on these topics by providing students with the basis for key geographical, methodological, and analytical skills.

Recommended Reading List:

Section 1
Massey, D. & Allen, J. (eds.): Geography Matters (Cambridge Univ. Press, 1984)

Section 2
Section 3

Dicken, P.: Global Shift (Sage, London, 2003 & subsequent editions)

Assessment:  
100% continuous assessment via in-course tests and assignments.
Graduate Attributes
The Trinity Graduate Attributes represent the qualities, skills and behaviours that you will have the
opportunity to develop as a Trinity student over your entire university experience, in other words,
not only in the classroom, but also through engagement in co- and extra-curricular activities (such as
summer work placements, internships, or volunteering).

The four Trinity Graduate Attributes are:
• To Think Independently
• To Act Responsibly
• To Develop Continuously
• To Communicate Effectively

Why are the Graduate Attributes important?
The Trinity Graduate Attributes will enhance your personal, professional and intellectual
development. They will also help to prepare you for lifelong learning and for the challenges of living
and working in an increasingly complex and changing world.

The Graduate Attributes will enhance your employability. Whilst your degree remains fundamental,
also being able to demonstrate these Graduate Attributes will help you to differentiate yourself as
they encapsulate the kinds of transversal skills and abilities, which employers are looking for.

How will I develop these Graduate Attributes?
Many of the Graduate Attributes are ‘slow learned’, in other words, you will develop them over the
four or five years of your programme of study.

They are embedded in the curriculum and in assessments, for example, through undertaking
independent research for your final year project, giving presentations and engaging in group work.

You will also develop them through the co-curricular and extra-curricular activities. If you help to run
a club or society you will be improving your leadership skills, or if you play a sport you are building
your communication and team-work skills.
Dates to Note:

**Fresh Orientation Week:** 3rd September 2018 – 7th September 2018

TR062 Course Meeting: Monday 3rd September 2018 at 09.00 hrs
M4, Museum Building

TR062 Field Course Briefing: Wednesday 5th September 2018 at 10.30 hrs
M4, Museum Building

TR062 Field Course: Friday 7th September 2018

**Academic Year Structure 2018/19**

Key Dates:

**Freshers/Orientation Week:** Monday 3 September to Friday 7 September 2018

**Study/Review Week:** Monday 22 October to Friday 26 October 2018

**Revision Week Semester 1:** Monday 3 December to Friday 7 December 2018

**Study/Review Week:** Monday 4 March to Friday 8 March 2019

**Revision Week Semester 2:** Monday 15 April to Friday 19 April 2019

**Trinity week:** Monday 29 April to Friday 3 May 2019

**Formal Assessment weeks**

Semester 1 examinations: Saturday 8 December to Friday 14 December 2018

Semester 2 examinations: Tuesday 23 to Saturday 27 April 2019
(and Tuesday 30 April and Thursday 2 May 2019 if required)
College registration

The Academic Registry issue an ‘Invite to Register’ email to all new entrant and continuing students eligible to register for the forthcoming academic year. This communication is issued via the my.tcd.ie portal and your institutional (TCD issued) email address.

On receipt of the emailed invitation, you should log in to the my.tcd.ie to complete the registration steps.

All information regarding College registration is available at the following links:
https://www.tcd.ie/academicregistry/registration/how-to-register/
http://www.tcd.ie/academicregistry/registration/

Closing Dates for Course Transfer

If you decide to transfer out of your course altogether, you must submit an application for transfer of course to the Academic Registry, following discussion with your tutor. Decisions are based on a) the availability of places, and b) the entry qualifications of the transfer applicant. It may not be possible to permit transfers to subjects which already have a full complement of students. Further details are available on the following link:
http://www.tcd.ie/study/apply/making-an-application/undergraduate/index.php

Students may not register or attend a course until their application to transfer has been formally approved by the Senior Lecturer

Progression and Awards

Information on progression and awards can be found via the following webpage:
https://www.tcd.ie/TEP/assets/Docs/factsheet_students_progression_awards.pdf

Attendance

All students should enter into residence in or near Dublin and must begin attendance at the College not later than the first day of teaching term, and may not go out of residence before the last day of teaching term, unless they have previously obtained permission from the Senior Lecturer through their tutor.

Students must attend College during the teaching term. They must take part fully in the academic work of their class throughout the period of their course. Lecture timetables are published through my.tcd.ie and on school or department notice-boards before the beginning of Michaelmas teaching term. The onus lies on students to inform themselves of the dates, times and venues of their lectures and other forms of teaching by consulting these timetables.

The requirements for attendance at lectures and tutorials vary between the different faculties, schools and departments. Attendance is compulsory for Junior Fresh in all subjects. The school, department or course office, whichever is relevant, publishes its requirements for attendance at lectures and tutorials on notice-boards, and/or in handbooks and elsewhere, as appropriate.
Absence from College – Medical and Absence Certificates

MEDICAL CERTIFICATES
Where a student misses an assigned laboratory practical class through illness, they should (a) submit a Medical Certificate to the Science Course office on the day of their return to College and (b) inform the laboratory practical supervisor of their absence at the next session.

- Science Medical Certificate Form (use with med cert from doctor) – Available from Science Course Office

For periods of illness of three days or less (but no more than seven days in any year) a student may 'self-certify' their illness on the forms supplied, again to the Science Course Office on the day of their return to College.

- Science Medical Self Certification Form (use for 3 days med not covered by doctor) – Available from the Science Course Office

OTHER ABSENCES
Students who require to be absent from a laboratory practical classes (with or without an associated assessment) for any other reason, such as a sporting or social event, should inform the appropriate module coordinator well in advance of the event (preferably a week beforehand).

- Science Absence from College Form, Sport or Other – Available from the Science Course Office

Where possible they will be assigned to an alternative laboratory practical session, but if that is not possible, and the justification for the absence is considered legitimate, they may be treated in the same manner as students submitting medical certificates (i.e. assigned an alternative assessment for one missed or awarded a pro-rata/pass mark). This is decided by the individual Disciplines concerned (i.e. Biology, Chemistry, Physics etc.) not the Science Course Office.

Excuses for absence, presented after the event, will not be entertained. Students who anticipate that their sporting commitments may necessitate more than the occasional absence from College (e.g. Sport Scholars, etc.) should discuss their situation with their tutor and the Associate Dean of Undergraduate Science Education (ADUSE).

Non-satisfactory attendance and course work
All students must fulfil the requirements of the school or department, as appropriate, with regard to attendance and course work. Where specific requirements are not stated, students may be deemed non-satisfactory if they miss more than a third of their course of study or fail to submit a third of the required course work in any term. Further information on non-satisfactory attendance and course work may be found via the following webpage:

https://www.tcd.ie/undergraduate-studies/academic-progress/attendance-course-work.php
It is important to emphasise that all students, i.e., undergraduate, postgraduate, new entrants and existing students, will be required to complete the online tutorial ‘Ready, Steady, Write’. Students must ensure that the cover sheets they complete when submitting assessed work, contain the following declaration:

I have read and I understand the plagiarism provisions in the General Regulations of the University Calendar for the current year, found at: http://www.tcd.ie/calendar

I have also completed the Online Tutorial on avoiding plagiarism ‘Ready, Steady, Write’, located at http://tcd-ie.libguides.com/plagiarism/ready-steady-write

Students should read the items listed below to ensure that they understand plagiarism.

2. The 2018-19 Calendar entry on plagiarism; Plagiarism
3. Guidelines on the appropriate methodology for the kind of work that students will be expected to undertake. Providing discipline specific examples of good academic practice for referencing is very helpful for students. We would like to draw your attention to the 2018-19 Calendar entry on plagiarism which states that “all Schools and departments must include in their handbooks or other literature given to students, guidelines on the appropriate methodology for the kind of work that students will be expected to undertake”;
4. A statement informing all students that they must complete the online tutorial on avoiding plagiarism ‘Ready, Steady, Write’, located at http://tcd-ie.libguides.com/plagiarism/ready-steady-write
5. The template of the coversheet/s which students must complete and attach to work submitted in hard or soft copy or via Blackboard. NB. The coversheet must include the declaration noted above.

Trinity Tutorial Service

The Tutorial Service is unique, confidential and available to all undergraduate students offering student support in all aspects of College life. The Tutorial Service is supported and co-ordinated by the Senior Tutor’s Office which is located on the ground floor in House 27.

Opening Hours
The Senior Tutors Office is open Monday - Friday from 9am - 5.30pm. Closed for lunch from 1-2pm.

Appointments
If you require specific advice or would like a confidential meeting with the Senior Tutor, you can make an appointment by telephoning +353 1 896 2551 or by emailing stosec@tcd.ie

What is a Tutor?
A Tutor is a member of the academic staff who is appointed to look after the general welfare and development of the students in his/her care. Whilst the Tutor may be one of your lecturers, this is not always the case as the role of the College Tutor is quite separate from the teaching role.

When should I go to see my Tutor?
Whenever you are worried or concerned about any aspect of College life or your personal life, in particular if it is affecting your academic work. Everything you say to your Tutor is in strict confidence. Unless you give him/her permission to do so, s/he will not give any information to anybody else, whether inside College or outside (to your parents/family for example). Your Tutor can only help you if s/he knows you are facing difficulties, so if you are worried about anything go and see your Tutor before things get out of hand.

Further information on the Senior Tutors Office and College Tutors may be found via the following webpage: Senior Tutor’s Office - https://www.tcd.ie/seniortutor/students/undergraduate/

Disability Services

The Disability Service aims to provide appropriate advice, support and information to help students and staff with disabilities. The Disability Service has in place a range of supports to ensure that students with disabilities have full access to the same facilities for study and recreation as their peers. Most students registering with the Disability Service request access to a range of supports that help the student reach their full potential while studying. Most students’ needs are accommodated through these supports. The student decides what level of support they require.

Further information on the support available may be found via the following link: https://www.tcd.ie/disability/services/

For contact information or to make an appointment please contact the Disability Services – contact details are available via the following webpage:
https://www.tcd.ie/disability/contact/
Student Counselling

The Student Counselling Service is here to help you to manage any difficulties you are experiencing so you can enjoy and fully participate in your time here at College.

If you wish to make an appointment with the Student Counselling Service, please consider one of the options below. If you have any other queries you can call into reception on the 3rd floor of 7-9 South Leinster Street or contact us on:
- Phone: (01) 8961407
- Email: student-counselling@tcd.ie

For further information visit the following webpage:
https://www.tcd.ie/Student_Counselling/

Useful College Websites:

Orientation – Student Life
https://www.tcd.ie/students/orientation/

In the first few weeks at College, you will hear an array of abbreviations, titles and place names. So visit the jargon buster page: https://www.tcd.ie/students/jargon-buster/

Student life offers information on Supports and Services, Clubs and Societies, Student Unions etc., https://www.tcd.ie/students/

For information on Registration, Fees, Grants, ID Cards etc. visit the Academic Registry (AR) in the Watts Building or the visit the AR website: https://www.tcd.ie/academicregistry/

NOTE: All of the information contained in this booklet is accurate at time of publication. However, the Science Programme Office reserves the right to modify information, dates and times as necessary. Students will be notified of any changes via e-mail and the Science webpage.